## Article

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# Synthesis and Structure-Activity Relationships of Soluble 7-Substituted 3-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-2-amines and Related Ureas as Dual Inhibitors of the Fibroblast Growth Factor Receptor-1 and Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor-2 Tyrosine Kinases 

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#### Abstract

7-Substituted 3 -aryl-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamines and related 2 -ureas are inhibitors of fibroblast growth factor receptor-1 (FGFR-1) and vascular endothelial growth factor receptor-2 (VEGFR-2). 3-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl) and 3-phenyl analogues were prepared from 7-acetamido2 -tert-butylureas by alkylation with benzyl $\omega$-iodoalkyl ethers, debenzylation, and amination, followed by selective cleavage of the $7-N$-acetamide. 3 -(2,6-Dichlorophenyl) analogues were prepared from the 7-fluoro-2-amine by displacement with substituted alkylamines, followed by selective acylation of the resulting substituted naphthyridine-2,7-diamines with alkyl isocyanates. The 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl) derivatives were low nanomolar inhibitors of both FGFR and VEGFR and were highly selective ( $>100$-fold) over PDGFR and c-Src. Variations in the base strength or spatial position of the 7 -side chain base had only small effects on the potency ( $<5$-fold) or selectivity ( $<20$-fold). The 3 -( 2,6 -dichlorophenyl)-2-urea derivatives were slightly less active against VEGFR and less selective, being more effective against PDGFR (ca. 10 -fold) and c-Src (ca. 500 -fold). The 3 -(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridines were generally more potent than the corresponding pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidines against both VEGFR and FGFR ( 2 - to 20 -fold), with only slightly increased PDGFR and c-Src activity. The 3 -( $3,5-$ dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridine 2 -ureas were also low nanomolar inhibitors of the growth of human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs) stimulated by serum, FGF, or VEGF, at concentrations that did not affect the growth of representative tumor cell lines, and were more ( 3 - to 65 -fold) potent than the corresponding pyrido[ $2,3-d]$ pyrimidines.


## Introduction

Angiogenesis, the formation of new blood vessels from existing vasculature, plays a major role in the progression of many human diseases, including cancer, where it is essential for the growth and survival of solid tumors. ${ }^{1,2}$ A number of polypeptide growth factors are involved in mediating this process. ${ }^{3-5}$ Among the most potent and important of these are members of the fibroblast growth factor (FGF) and vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) families. ${ }^{6}$ These exert their effect through cell surface receptors (FGFRs and VEGFRs) that have protein tyrosine kinase activity. ${ }^{7-9}$ Overexpression of FGFRs, their ligands, or other aberrant kinase function has been implicated in various diseases, including not only human tumors (e.g., breast, ${ }^{10}$ prostate, ${ }^{11}$ and pancreatic ${ }^{12}$ cancers) but also rheumatoid arthritis ${ }^{13}$ and atherosclerosis. ${ }^{14}$ Similarly, both VEGFs and their receptors have been implicated in the angiogenesis of many solid tumors (e.g., glioma, ${ }^{15}$ breast, ${ }^{16}$ bladder, ${ }^{17}$ and colon ${ }^{18}$ ) as well as hematopoietic tumors, ${ }^{19}$ and inhibition of tumor growth has been dem-

[^0]onstrated using blocking antibodies and dominantnegative strategies. ${ }^{20,21}$ Thus, the inhibition of FGF and VEGF receptor tyrosine kinases is a potentially effective strategy to develop new antiangiogenic agents as anticancer drugs. ${ }^{22}$
Several small-molecule inhibitors of VEGFR kinases have been reported to be in advanced development. ${ }^{23,24}$ The indolin-2-ones SU5416 (1) and SU6668 (2) represent potent inhibitors of VEGFR-1, -2 , and -3 , as well as platelet-derived growth factor receptor kinase- $\beta$ (PDGFR- $\beta$ ), also implicated in angiogenesis, and colony stimulating factor receptor- 1 kinase (CSF-1R) $\left(\mathrm{IC}_{50}=\right.$ $10-250 \mathrm{nM}){ }^{23}$ Both compounds showed broad-spectrum antitumor efficacy, ${ }^{25,26}$ and clinical responses to SU5416 have been seen in patients with acute myeloid leukemia, ${ }^{27}$ renal carcinoma, and soft tissue sarcoma. ${ }^{28}$ A new analogue with improved solubility properties, SU11248 (3), provided similar potency, selectivity, and antitumor effects ${ }^{29,30}$ and is reportedly showing promise in early clinical evaluation as an oral agent (phase I/II). The 4-anilinoquinazoline ZD6474 (4), a dual inhibitor of EGFR and VEGFR-2 ( $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ values of 16 and 17 nM , respectively ${ }^{23}$ ), also has broad-spectrum antitumor activity ${ }^{31}$ and is progressing into phase III clinical trial. The anilinophthalazine PTK787/ZK222584 (5) is a much more selective VEGFR inhibitor $\left(\mathrm{KDR} \mathrm{IC}_{50}=37 \mathrm{nM}\right)$
with antitumor properties, ${ }^{32}$ having oral activity, and has shown encouraging clinical responses in colorectal cancer (phase III clinical evaluation has commenced). ${ }^{33}$ A cocrystal structure of the VEGFR-2 enzyme containing the structurally related anthranilimide inhibitor AAL993 (6) (VEGFR-2 and -3 IC 50 values of 23 and 18 nM , respectively) shows that the drug binds to an inactive conformation of the protein, possibly accounting for the high selectivity of these inhibitors. ${ }^{23}$ The isothiazole CP-547632 (7) was recently identified as a potent dual inhibitor of the VEGFR-2 and FGFR-2 kinases ( $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ values of 11 and 9 nM , respectively). It has oral activity in a range of human xenografts in nude mice and is reported to be in phase I/II clinical trial. ${ }^{34}$ Finally, the pyrrolocarbazole CEP-5214 (8) also has very potent pan-VEGFR kinase inhibitory activity ( $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ values of 16,8 , and 4 nM against human VEGFR-1, -2 , and -3 kinases, respectively) and antitumor effects, ${ }^{35}$ and the water-soluble dimethylglycine ester prodrug derivative, CEP-7055 (9), of this is in phase I clinical trial. ${ }^{36}$


Small-molecule inhibitors of the FGFR include the general class of 6-arylpyrido[2,3- $d$ ]pyrimidines (e.g., 10). These are broad-spectrum ATP-competitive inhibitors of a number of tyrosine kinase enzymes, including PDGFR, FGFR, EGFR, and c-Src. ${ }^{37}$ Structure-activity relationship (SAR) studies showed that analogues of $\mathbf{1 0}$ bearing a 3,5-dimethoxyphenyl substituent at C-6 (e.g., 11) were potent and very selective inhibitors of the FGFR-1 tyrosine kinase. ${ }^{38}$ A soluble analogue of 11, PD173074 (12), displayed potent antiangiogenic and antitumor effects ${ }^{39,40}$ (both in vitro and in vivo, being efficacious orally in combination with photodynamic therapy ${ }^{39}$ ), and a crystal structure of 12 bound in the ATP site of FGFR-1 has also been reported. ${ }^{40}$ We have recently described ${ }^{41}$ the synthesis and biological evaluation of 1-deaza analogues of 11 (3-aryl-1,6-naphthyri-dine-2,7-diamines and the corresponding 2 -ureas) that are equally potent and selective. The 7-acetamido derivative 13 displayed substantial antiangiogenic ac-
tivity in vitro, being a potent inhibitor of growth, microcapillary formation, and invasion of human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs) and suppressed tumor growth in vivo. ${ }^{41}$ The 7-(morpholinopropylamino) derivative 14 (Table 1), which possessed improved aqueous solubility, retained good potency (FGFR $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ $=31 \mathrm{nM}$ ) and displayed better selectivity than 13 for FGFR. These compounds (and the related pyrido[2,3$d$ ]pyrimidines) have now also been found to be very potent inhibitors of VEGFR-2 (Flk-1/KDR) (e.g., 13 and $14 \mathrm{IC}_{50}$ values of 3 and 9 nM , respectively) so that they can be considered as dual FGFR/VEGFR inhibitors. Given the known redundancy in angiogenic signaling pathways that allows larger tumors to switch angiogenic factors, ${ }^{16}$ such dual inhibitors may prove to be advantageous in the clinical development of an effective antiangiogenic agent.

The promising results above prompted us to carry out a more extensive SAR study in the naphthyridine series, particularly focusing on a range of soluble alkylamino derivatives related to $\mathbf{1 4}$. Selected analogues in the 3 -phenyl and 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl) series were also prepared and evaluated for comparative purposes. We describe here the synthesis, SAR, and further biological evaluation of these compounds alongside related pyrido-[2,3- $d$ ]pyrimidine analogues.

## Chemistry

6-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl) Analogues. The most attractive route to 7 -substituted naphthyridines was via an intermediate with a displaceable 7-halo group for direct reaction with the appropriate amines. We had developed a diazotization route ${ }^{42}$ to 7 -chloro or 7 -fluoro derivatives in the 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl) and 3-phenyl series, starting from 1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamines. However, initial problems with diazotization of the electron-rich 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamine ${ }^{42}$ led us to employ a less direct approach to these compounds. ${ }^{41}$ Thus, we previously described the preparation of the 7-morpholinopropylamino derivative 14, by alkylation of acetamide 13 (obtained in two steps from the diamine) with substituted alkyl chlorides. However, this method was not suitable for the current SAR study, which involved chain lengths of three to five carbons and a wider range of solubilizing moieties, because many of the required dialkylaminoalkyl chloride alkylating agents are difficult to obtain and unstable (because offacile intramolecular reaction). These reagents are also hygroscopic, resulting in undesired side reactions (e.g., hydrolysis, bis-alkylation). ${ }^{41}$ It was also desirable to have a more reactive reagent so that the alkylation could be performed at lower temperature, thereby further minimizing side reactions. Therefore, benzyl $\omega$-iodoalkyl ethers were selected for the alkylation reaction, enabling the preparation of all the target compounds through a series of functional group manipulations (Schemes 1-3).

The required known benzyl $\omega$-iodoalkyl ethers ${ }^{43-45}$ were prepared in good yield by monobenzylation ${ }^{44}$ of the diols ( 0.35 equiv of $\mathrm{BnCl} / 1.0$ equiv of $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF}$ ) to give known $\omega$-(benzyloxy)-1-alkanols ${ }^{46-48}$ followed by iodination ${ }^{49}$ ( $\mathrm{I}_{2} / \mathrm{PPh}_{3} /$ imidazole/benzene). Treatment of the preformed (assumed) dianion of acetamide urea 13 (generated from excess $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) with these iodoalkyl ethers ( $0-20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ over $1-2$ days) gave good

Table 1. Structure and Kinase Inhibitory Activities of Solubilized 1,6-Naphthyridines


A


B


C

| compd | form | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{IC}_{50}(\mu \mathrm{M})^{a}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | FGFR | FGFR\# ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | VEGFR ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | PDGFR | $\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{Src}$ |
| $14{ }^{\text {c }}$ | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{morph}^{\text {d }}$ | $\mathrm{NHCONH} t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.031 | 0.012 | 0.009 | 45 | > 50 |
| $15{ }^{e}$ | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip $f$ | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | 0.044 | 0.083 | 0.18 | 50 | $>50$ |
| 16 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONHEt | 0.021 | 0.021 | 0.051 | 30 | 14 |
| 17 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.024 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 16 | 9.1 |
| 18 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.060 | 0.008 | 0.015 | 18 | 16 |
| 19 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{morph}^{\text {d }}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.030 | 0.007 | 0.006 | 15 | 21 |
| 20 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} 4$-Mepip $f$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.024 | 0.006 | 0.003 | 3.6 | 4.1 |
| 21 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | 0.087 | 0.046 | 0.22 | >50 | 26 |
| 22 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONHEt | 0.024 | 0.013 | 0.046 | 6.5 | 7.0 |
| 23 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONHtBu | 0.025 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 2.6 | 4.6 |
| 24 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{morph}^{d}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.033 | 0.009 | 0.007 | >50 | 16 |
| 25 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} 4$-Mepip $f$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.070 | 0.010 | 0.008 | 27 | 6.1 |
| 26 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.028 | 0.006 | 0.004 | 5.0 | 3.6 |
| $27^{e}$ | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip ${ }^{f}$ | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | 2.2 | 4.6 | 2.9 | 8.8 | 1.6 |
| 28 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.19 | 0.14 | 0.054 | 1.2 | 0.23 |
| $29^{e}$ | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4-\mathrm{Mep}^{f}$ | 12 | 23 | 8.7 | > 50 | 6.8 |
| 30 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | 7.3 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 12 | 1.4 |
| 31 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.30 | 0.20 | 0.18 | 0.45 | 0.11 |
| $32^{e}$ | C | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip ${ }^{f}$ | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | 0.12 | 0.22 | 1.8 | 4.7 | 0.069 |
| 33 | C | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONHEt | 0.032 | 0.016 | 0.11 | 0.54 | 0.019 |
| 34 | C | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.026 | 0.007 | 0.014 | 0.62 | 0.019 |
| 35 | C | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | 0.35 | 0.63 | 1.2 | 4.0 | 0.042 |
| 36 | C | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONHEt | 0.029 | 0.016 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.014 |
| 37 | C | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.025 | 0.007 | 0.025 | 0.48 | 0.014 |

${ }^{a} \mathrm{IC}_{50}$ : concentration of drug $(\mu \mathrm{M})$ that inhibits the phosphorylation of a random glutamate/tyrosine (4:1) copolymer by FGFR, VEGFR, PDGFR, or c-Src proteins. For active compounds, values are an average of two or more separate determinations; variation was generally $\pm 30 \% .^{b}$ DELFIA assay; see Experimental Section. ${ }^{c}$ Reference 41. ${ }^{d} N$-Morpholinyl. ${ }^{e}$ Reference 42. ${ }^{f}$ 4-Methylpiperazin-1-yl.

## Scheme $1^{a}$


compounds 17-20, 23-26 of Table 1
73: $\mathrm{R}=\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OBn}$
${ }^{a}$ (i) $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 20-40 \mathrm{~min}$, then benzyl $\omega$-iodoalkyl ether/ DMF/0-20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1-2$ days; (ii) $\mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{EtOH} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 36-48 \mathrm{~h}$ or $\mathrm{DDQ} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / 20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 4$ days; (iii) $\mathrm{Ac} 2 \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{py} / 20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 14 \mathrm{~h}$; (iv) $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} /$ $\mathrm{MeOH} /$ water $/ 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1 \mathrm{~h}$; (v) MsCl/NMM/THF/20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 12-17 \mathrm{~h}$; (vi) amine/THF/20-52 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1-4$ days; (vii) $\mathrm{NaOH} / \mathrm{MeOH} /$ water $/ 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ $2-5$ days; (viii) AcCl/NMM/THF/20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 21 \mathrm{~h}$.
yields of the alkylated products $38-40$ ( $73-80 \%$ on a $1.5-2 \mathrm{~g}$ scale), together with small amounts of the deacetylated products $41-43$ (5-9\%) and recovered 13 (4-8\%) (Scheme 1). Importantly, this demonstrated both the desired selectivity for alkylation and, unlike previous results, ${ }^{41}$ almost complete retention of the acetamide, which was required later in the synthesis. Attempted reacetylation of the propyl benzyl ether 41 (excess $\mathrm{AcCl} / \mathrm{NMM} / \mathrm{THF}$ ) gave some of the desired product $38(>36 \%)$, but a major side reaction was acetylation on the urea, giving the poorly separable bis-
acetamide 73 (by HRFABMS and ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR), making this route unsuitable ( $\mathrm{Ac}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{py} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ gave no reaction at all).

Hydrogenolysis $\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{C}\right)$ of the benzyl ethers 3840 in various solvents ( $\mathrm{MeOH}, \mathrm{EtOH}, \mathrm{THF}$ ) proved to be difficult because of competing ring hydrogenation (as reported by Armarego ${ }^{50}$ for the unsubstituted 1,6naphthyridine), which could not be prevented and was more problematic with shorter side chain lengths. Considerable experimentation showed that the optimal conditions were $\mathrm{H}_{2} / 5 \% \mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{C}(1.2$ mass equiv)/EtOH/ $20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 36-48 \mathrm{~h}$, stopping the reaction after ca. $60 \%$ of the starting material was consumed, to give ca. 30-40\% of the desired products after chromatography, together with recovered starting material. After several cycles through this process, moderate overall yields (45-51\%) of the required alcohols $44-46$ were obtained, albeit in varying purity (ca. 70,90 , and $100 \%$ for the propyl, butyl, and pentyl derivatives, respectively). Since the propyl alcohol 44 could not be further purified from byproducts directly, a portion was purified by acetylation ( $\mathrm{Ac}_{2} \mathrm{O} /$ py $)$ and chromatography of the acetate 47 , followed by mild alkaline hydrolysis $\left(\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} / \mathrm{MeOH} /\right.$ water). Subsequently, an alternative debenzylation method (excess DDQ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ alone, with no added water ${ }^{51}$ ), developed for the 3 -phenyl analogues (see below), was found to provide pure 44 more directly and in higher yield ( $69 \%$ after reaction at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 4$ days).

The major byproducts from the hydrogenolysis reactions above were the 3,4-dihydro derivatives 48-53 (Scheme 2A), identified by HRFABMS and ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (assigned by 2D heteronuclear multiple-quantum

## Scheme $2^{a}$





48-50: $R=O B n, n=3-5$
54-56: $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{OBn}, \mathrm{n}=3-5$
57-59: $\mathrm{R}=\mathrm{OH}, \mathrm{n}=3-5$


${ }^{a}$ (i) $\mathrm{DDQ} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 3 \mathrm{~h}$; (ii) $\mathrm{NaOH} / \mathrm{MeOH} /$ water $/ 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 40 \mathrm{~h}$; (iii) $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 15 \mathrm{~min}$, then 3 -iodopropyl benzoate/DMF/ $0-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1$ day; (iv) $\mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pd}-\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{EtOH} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 48 \mathrm{~h}$; (v) $\mathrm{NaOH} / \mathrm{MeOH} /$ water $/ 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 7$ days.
coherence (HMQC) and heteronuclear multiple-bond correlation (HMBC) experiments on 50). These dihydro derivatives were readily dehydrogenated by treatment with DDQ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ so that 44 was obtained in quantitative yield from 51. Base hydrolysis of $\mathbf{5 0}$ unexpectedly gave predominantly the 3,4-dihydro-1,6-naphthyridin-2 $1 H$ )-one 61. Further minor reduction byproducts from the hydrogenolysis reactions were the $1,2,3,4$-tetrahydro derivatives $\mathbf{5 4} \mathbf{- 5 9}$ in which the 2 -urea was removed (tert-butylurea itself was also isolated). Even smaller amounts of the less stable acylaminals having the 2 -urea still attached were also observed (TLC, HRFABMS) and in one case ( $\mathbf{6 0}$ ) purified. These results are consistent with those reported for 2 -aminopyridines, 2-pyridones, and carbostyrils. ${ }^{52}$

Mesylation of alcohols 44-46 (excess $\mathrm{MsCl} / 1-\mathrm{Me}$ morpholine or 1-Me imidazole/THF) gave the unstable mesylate products $62-64$ essentially quantitatively, which were used directly (Scheme 1). The use of these mild amine bases avoided deprotonation and reaction of the urea, while the acetamide protection of the $7-\mathrm{NH}$ was also critical, since similar mesylation of the $7-\mathrm{NH}$ analogue 77 gave a large number of products. Reaction of the crude mesylate solutions with a large excess (75300 equiv) of 1-methylpiperazine, diethylamine, or morpholine ( $50-52{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1-4$ days) gave the amine displacement products 65-72 in variable yield ( $77-85 \%$ for the butyl and pentyl compounds but only $21-30 \%$ for the propyl compounds because of the low stability and higher reactivity of propyl mesylate 62). Subsequent experimentation (described for the phenyl derivatives below) led to a higher yield (64\%) of the (4-methylpiperazinyl)propylamino analogue 65, by treatment of the mesylate 62 with 1-methylpiperazine at lower temperature ( $20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1$ day, then $32{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1$ day). Mild alkaline hydrolysis of the displacement products 65-72 (0.8$1.0 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NaOH} / \mathrm{MeOH} /$ water $/ 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 2-5$ days) then enabled

## Scheme $3^{a}$


${ }^{a}$ (i) $\mathrm{NaOH} /$ dioxane/water/ $98{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 5-6$ days; (ii) $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMSO} / 40-$ $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 15 \mathrm{~min}$, then EtNCO/DMSO $/ 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1$ day; (iii) $\mathrm{NaOH} / \mathrm{MeOH} /$ water $/ 49^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 17 \mathrm{~h}$.
selective cleavage of the $\mathrm{N}, \mathrm{N}$-disubstituted acetamide in the presence of the urea ${ }^{41}$ to give the final products ( $\mathbf{1 7} \mathbf{- 2 0}, \mathbf{2 3}-\mathbf{2 6}$ ) in very good yield ( $74-85 \%$ ) (although a small amount of urea hydrolysis was often also observed, which increased with stronger base and/or higher temperatures).

The (diethylamino)propylamino compound 18 was alternatively prepared by direct alkylation of acetamide 13 using freshly prepared and dried (by azeotroping with dry benzene) diethylaminopropyl chloride ${ }^{53}$ (ca. 2 equiv/NaH/DMF/39 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 40 \mathrm{~h}$ ). This gave a mixture of $\mathbf{1 8}$ and its acetamide derivative 68, which, upon mild alkaline hydrolysis, gave 18 in $48 \%$ overall yield.

The 1,6-naphthyridin-2-amine derivatives 15 and 21 were prepared by hydrolysis of the acetamide derivatives 65 and 69 using either single or two-step procedures (Scheme 3). Hydrolysis of the (diethylamino)butylamino derivative 69 under forcing conditions ( NaOH /dioxane/water/reflux/6 days) gave 21 directly in very good yield ( $81 \%$ ), but some difficulties were encountered in monitoring the reaction and purifying the product because of the formation of a partly hydrolyzed intermediate of similar polarity to the final product (possibly the 2 -amino- 7 -acetamide derivative). A twostep procedure was therefore employed for the hydrolysis of the (4-methylpiperazinyl)propylamino analogue 65. The acetamide was first hydrolyzed ( $\mathrm{NaOH} / \mathrm{MeOH} /$ water $/ 49{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 17 \mathrm{~h}$ ), and then the crude product (mostly 17) was treated as above ( NaOH /dioxane/water/reflux/5 days) to give 15 cleanly in excellent yield (91\%).

Synthesis of the ethylureas 16 and 22 was accomplished in contrasting yields, using the optimized conditions previously reported ${ }^{41}$ for 3 -(2,6-dichlorophe-nyl)-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamine ( $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMSO}$, then EtNCO/DMSO). The (diethylamino)butylamino derivative 22 was obtained in good yield ( $77 \%$ following chromatography and two recrystallizations to remove a bis-urea contaminant). However, only a $37 \%$ yield of the purified (4-methylpiperazinyl)propylamino analogue 16 could be obtained because of a much greater amount of the bis-urea contaminant being formed. The latter was purified by preparative reversed phase (C-18)

HPLC and proposed to have the acylimine structure 78 (Scheme 3) on the basis of its ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR chemical shifts (assigned by 2-D HSQC and HMBC NMR experiments). These were very different from those for 16 (especially for C-3, C-8, C-8a) and a previously reported ${ }^{41}$ (unstable) 2-phthalimide derivative 79 (especially for $\mathrm{C}-8$ ).

The homologous alcohols 75-77 were synthesized by various methods (Scheme 2B). 3-Iodopropyl benzoate ${ }^{54}$ was prepared by iodination ${ }^{49}\left(\mathrm{I}_{2} / \mathrm{PPh}_{3} /\right.$ imidazole $)$ of 3 -hydroxypropyl benzoate, which was made by monobenzoylation of the diol ( 0.17 equiv of $\mathrm{Bz}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{DMAP} /$ $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / \mathrm{THF} / 20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 16 \mathrm{~h}\right) .{ }^{55}$ Alkylation of 13 by 3-iodopropyl benzoate ( $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF} / 0-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1$ day) gave the propyl alcohol 75 directly, albeit in moderate yield (40\%). In this case, hydrolysis of both the benzoate ester and acetamide functionalities occurred during alkylation, and only a small amount (7\%) of the benzoate ester product 74 was obtained, along with recovered 13 (32\%). The butyl alcohol 76 was obtained by hydrogenolysis of the benzyl ether derivative 42, although the reaction was slower than for the acetamide analogue 39 and gave a poorer yield ( $21 \%$ after three cycles and purification). The pentyl alcohol 77 was obtained by hydrolysis of the acetamide derivative 46 ( $84 \%$ yield).

3-Phenyl Analogues. We have previously prepared the 7-substituted 3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-2-amine 27 by reaction of 7 -chloro-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-2amine with 3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)propylamine under forcing conditions (neat amine, $\left.160{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 5 \mathrm{~d}\right) .^{42}$ However, this route gave a very poor yield (7.5\%) of 27 , instead giving predominantly the 2,7-bis-substitution product 29 ( $60 \%$ ). This result was quite different from that observed for the 3 -(2,6-dichlorophenyl) series, ${ }^{42}$ where more selective reaction at C-7 was achieved probably because of a greater steric crowding of the C-2 position. The target amines and ureas in the 3-phenyl series were therefore prepared by a route similar to that described above.

The reported ${ }^{41} 2$-tert-butylurea 80 was prepared in improved yield (88\%), together with bis-urea 81 (2\%), by an alternative procedure ${ }^{37,41}$ [addition of the neat isocyanate (at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) to the preformed anion of the diamine ( $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 20 \mathrm{~min}$ ) followed by reaction $\left(20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1\right.$ day)]. Acetylation of $80\left(\mathrm{Ac}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{py}\right)$ then gave acetamide 82 ( $92 \%$ ), which was alkylated with benzyl 3 -iodopropyl ether or benzyl 4-iodobutyl ether ( $\mathrm{NaH} /$ DMF/0-20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 2.5$ days) to give the benzyl ethers 85 and 86 in good yield ( $63 \%$ and $75 \%$, respectively), together with small amounts of the NH derivatives $\mathbf{8 3}$ and $\mathbf{8 4}$ ( $11 \%$ and $4 \%$, respectively) (Scheme 4). Additional minor products were also observed, suggesting that the alkylation reaction was not completely selective, but these were not isolated. Unfortunately, small-scale hydrogenolysis of benzyl ether 86 under the optimized conditions used above for the 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl) analogues gave a poor result, with ring hydrogenation products predominating. Only $11 \%$ of the desired alcohol 88 was obtained, together with the dihydro derivatives $89(39 \%)$ and 90 (23\%), recovered 86 (9\%), and several more minor products. Therefore, alternative debenzylation conditions were sought.

Treatment of 86 with the Lewis acids $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}{ }^{56}$ and $\mathrm{BF}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{EtSH}^{57}$ gave complete debenzylation in both

## Scheme $\mathbf{4}^{a}$


${ }^{a}$ (i) $\mathrm{Ac} \mathrm{c}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{py} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 10 \mathrm{~h}$; (ii) $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 30 \mathrm{~min}$, then benzyl $\omega$-iodoalkyl ether/DMF/0-20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 2.5$ days; (iii) $\mathrm{DDQ} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ $2-4$ days; (iv) MsCl/NMM/THF/20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 12-16 \mathrm{~h}$; (v) amine/THF/ $20-50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 2-4$ days; (vi) $\mathrm{NaOH} / \mathrm{MeOH} /$ water $/ 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 3.5-4$ days; (vii) $\mathrm{NaOH} / \mathrm{MeOH} /$ water $/ 52{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 18 \mathrm{~h}$, then $\mathrm{NaOH} /$ dioxane/water/ $96^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 4$ days; (viii) $\mathrm{NaOH} /$ dioxane/water/ $97^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 7$ days; (ix) $\mathrm{H}_{2} / \mathrm{Pd}-$ $\mathrm{C} / \mathrm{EtOH} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 48 \mathrm{~h}$; (x) $\mathrm{BF}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O} / \mathrm{EtSH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 2$ days; (xi) $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1 \mathrm{~h}$.
cases, but also significant (39-100\%) loss of the tertbutyl group, to give the urea 91. The oxidants $\mathrm{PCC}^{58}$ and PDC gave little reaction, while $\mathrm{RuO}_{2} / \mathrm{NaIO}_{4}{ }^{59}$ gave an inseparable mixture of starting material and the expected benzoate ester ( ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR and HRFABMS) in moderate yield (63\%), together with more polar byproducts. Treatment with excess $\mathrm{DDQ}^{51}$ (5 equiv/ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /$ water $/ 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1$ day) gave a relatively clean reaction on a small scale to the desired alcohol 88 ( $63 \%$ yield with $28 \%$ recovered 86). However, on a slightly larger scale and with a more concentrated solution, the yields dropped markedly probably because of acid-catalyzed decomposition resulting from the hydrolysis of DDQ. ${ }^{51,60}$ Addition of amine bases or aqueous buffers did not give useful results, but performing the reaction in the absence of water ${ }^{51}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ alone) gave a major improvement in yield (due to the dramatically reduced decomposition rate of the $\mathrm{DDQ}^{60}$ ), allowing relatively clean reaction over several days at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Further improvements were obtained by excluding light, adding a reducing agent to the basic workup, and repeating extractions of the basic aqueous portion after 1 and 2 days to recover the initially quinone-bound product, which was slowly released by reaction with base. Thus, both alcohols 87 and 88 were obtained in very good overall yields ( $60 \%$ and $85 \%$, respectively) by this method, although the reaction of 85 to give propyl alcohol 87 was much slower.

One-pot mesylation of the butyl alcohol 88 and displacement of the crude mesylate ( $\mathbf{9 3}$ ) with diethylamine (as above) gave 95 in excellent yield (83\%). Similar small-scale mesylation of the propyl alcohol 87 and displacement of the crude mesylate (92) with 1-methylpiperazine at a lower temperature than normal $\left(20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1\right.$ day and then $32{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1$ day rather than $50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) gave 94 in $66 \%$ yield. Mild alkaline hydrolysis of the acetamide derivatives $\mathbf{9 4}$ and 95 gave the ureas $\mathbf{2 8}$ and

## Scheme $5^{a}$

A


$$
\text { 98: } \mathrm{R}_{1}=\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{R}_{2}=\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3}(4-\mathrm{Mepip})
$$

99: $\mathrm{R}_{1}, \mathrm{R}_{2}=\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3}$ (4-Mepip)
100: $R_{1}=\mathrm{F}, \mathrm{R}_{2}=\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$
101: $\mathrm{R}_{1}, \mathrm{R}_{2}=\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$
B

${ }^{a}$ (i) $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 2 \mathrm{~min}$, then $t \mathrm{BuNCO} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1.5 \mathrm{~h}$; (ii) amine/2-pentanol/ $120^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 2 \mathrm{~h}$; (iii) amine $/ 2-\mathrm{EtO}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{OH} / 135{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 5$ days; (iv) $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMSO} / 40-50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 10-15 \mathrm{~min}$, then EtNCO or $t$ BuNCO/DMSO/20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 16-24 \mathrm{~h}$.

31, respectively, and complete hydrolysis using the methods described above gave the 2 -amino derivatives 27 and 30, respectively, in excellent yield.

3-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl) Analogues. The initial approach to 7 -solubilized 2 -tert-butylureas in this series $(\mathbf{3 4}, \mathbf{3 7})$ was via amine displacements on the 7 -fluoro2 -tert-butylurea derivative 97 , prepared from the previously reported ${ }^{42}$ amine 96 (Scheme 5A), to avoid the formation of poorly separable bis-urea contaminants such as 78. However, amine displacement reactions on 97 (amine/2-pentanol/120 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 2 \mathrm{~h}$ ) instead gave predominantly the derivatized ureas 98 and 100 (75\%), together with small amounts ( $9-10 \%$ ) of 7 -substituted analogues 99 and 101. Therefore, amine 96 was first converted into the 7 -alkylamino derivatives $\mathbf{3 2}{ }^{42}$ and $\mathbf{3 5}$ (amine/2ethoxyethanol $/ 135{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 5$ days) in moderate yield (36$46 \%$ ) (Scheme 5B), and then the target ureas (33, 34, 36, 37) were obtained as above ( $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMSO}$, then EtNCO or tert-BuNCO/DMSO) in good yield (49-72\%).

Pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidines. These analogues (12, 102-105) were accessed via amine displacements on the key methylsulfinyl derivative 108, prepared from known ${ }^{61,62}$ aldehyde 106 by condensation with 3,5 (dimethoxyphenyl)acetonitrile under basic conditions, followed by oxidation of the methylsulfanyl substituent (Scheme 6). Urea formation on the diamine derivatives, as above, gave the desired products in good yield, although in the case of $\mathbf{1 0 5}$, prior protection of the hydroxyl group (as a TBDMS ether) was required.

## Results and Discussion

The 7 -substituted 1,6-naphthyridines $\mathbf{1 6 - 2 6}, \mathbf{2 8}, \mathbf{3 0}$, 31 and 33-37 (together with the previously reported ${ }^{41,42}$ analogues $\mathbf{1 4}, \mathbf{1 5}, \mathbf{2 7}, \mathbf{2 9}, 32$ ) listed in Table 1 were evaluated for their ability to prevent phosphorylation of a model glutamate-tyrosine copolymer substrate by isolated human bFGF receptor (FGFR-1), ${ }^{38}$ mouse PDGF- $\beta$ receptor (PDGFR), and avian c-Src tyrosine kinase (all full length enzymes), using published methods. ${ }^{38,63,64}$ The compounds were additionally evaluated

## Scheme $\mathbf{6}^{a}$


${ }^{a}$ (i) $3,5-\mathrm{DiOMePhCH} \mathrm{CN}_{2} \mathrm{CN} / \mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{THF} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1.5 \mathrm{~h}$, then $\mathbf{1 0 6} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /$ 16 h ; (ii) (2- $\left.\mathrm{PhSO}_{2}-3-\mathrm{Ph}\right)$-oxaziridine $/ \mathrm{CHCl}_{3} / 20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1$ day; (iii) $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NH}_{2} /$ dioxane $/ 50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 16 \mathrm{~h}$; (iv) $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF} / 20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1.5 \mathrm{~h}$, then $t \mathrm{BuNCO} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 16 \mathrm{~h}$; (v) $\mathrm{NaH} / \mathrm{DMF} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1.5 \mathrm{~h}$, then EtNCO/ $20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 16 \mathrm{~h}$; (vi) 4-Me-pip $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2} /$ dioxane $/ 50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 16 \mathrm{~h}$; (vii) $\mathrm{HO}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{2} /$ dioxane/reflux/18 h; (viii) TBDMSCl/imidazole/ DMF/16 h; (ix) NaH/DMF/20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 30 \mathrm{~min}$, then $t \mathrm{BuNCO} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 18$ h ; (x) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SiF}_{6} / \mathrm{MeCN} / \mathrm{THF} / 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 2 \mathrm{~h}$.
against highly purified and phosphorylated kinase constructs of the cytoplasmic domains of human FGFR-1 kinase (designated FGF\# in Table 1) and of human VEGFR-2 (lacking 50 residues in the kinase insert domain ${ }^{65}$ ) using assays in DELFIA (dissociation-enhanced lanthanide fluoroimmunoassay) format. $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ is defined as the concentration of inhibitor that reduces by $50 \%$ the level of ${ }^{32} \mathrm{P}$ (from added [ $\left.{ }^{32} \mathrm{P}\right]$-ATP) incorporated into the copolymer substrate.

The 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl) analogues 14-26 were all highly selective ( $>100$-fold, often much greater) for FGFR and VEGFR over both PDGFR and c-Src (Table 1). Compounds with 2 -amino substituents ( $\mathbf{1 5}, \mathbf{2 1}$ ) were less effective against all kinases than the corresponding 2-urea analogues, as expected. ${ }^{41}$ The two ethylurea derivatives $(\mathbf{1 6}, \mathbf{2 2})$ showed significantly lower potency than the corresponding tert-butylurea derivatives (17, 23) against VEGFR (by 8- to 10 -fold) but against the other kinases were equivalent to or only slightly less potent than 17 and 23.

The main interest among the tert-butylurea derivatives was the comparison with the previously reported ${ }^{41}$ compound 14 as the positioning and nature of the cationic center (from amine protonation) on the 7 -substituent was varied. We had elected to investigate chain lengths from three to five carbons and strongly $\left(\mathrm{NEt}_{2}\right)$, moderately (Me-piperazine), and weakly (morpholide) basic solubilizing functions, which we have found to be effective in previous studies. ${ }^{66}$ In the event, there was no significant effect on FGFR or VEGFR inhibition; all of the compounds were potent (low nanomolar) inhibitors, with $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ values varying less than 3-fold or 5 -fold, respectively (Table 1). A chain length of four carbons maximized PDGFR activity, while c-Src activity was greatest for chain lengths of four or five carbons, as found previously. ${ }^{66}$ The more weakly basic morpholides were less effective than the corresponding $\mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ and Me -

Table 2. Structure and Kinase Inhibitory Activities of Nonsolubilized 1,6-Naphthyridines and Their 3,4-Dihydro Derivatives



| compd | form | R | $\mathrm{IC}_{50}(\mu \mathrm{M})^{a}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | FGFR | FGFR\# ${ }^{6}$ | VEGFR $^{b}$ | PDGFR | $\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{Src}$ |
| 38 | A | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OBn}$ | 1.5 | 0.33 | 0.084 | > 50 | > 50 |
| 39 | A | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{OBn}$ | 5.1 | 2.4 | 0.67 | $>50$ | >50 |
| 40 | A | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{OBn}$ | 12 | 3.3 | 0.65 | $>50$ | >50 |
| 44 | A | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ | 28 | 1.4 | 1.9 | $>50$ | > 50 |
| 45 | A | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ | $>50$ | 8.4 | 13 | $>50$ | > 50 |
| 46 | A | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ | >50 | 7.5 | 7.6 | >50 | > 50 |
| 41 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OBn}$ | 0.91 | 0.19 | 0.18 | $>50$ | > 50 |
| 42 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{OBn}$ | 1.1 | 0.26 | 0.18 | $>50$ | > 50 |
| 43 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{OBn}$ | 3.3 | 0.33 | 0.096 | $>50$ | >50 |
| 75 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ | 0.049 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 32 | > 50 |
| 76 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ | 0.052 | 0.008 | 0.008 | 23 | >50 |
| 77 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ | 0.093 | 0.010 | 0.006 | 11 | >50 |
| 48 | B | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OBn}$ | > 50 | 9.0 | 15 | $>50$ | >50 |
| 49 | B | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{OBn}$ | 14 | 1.1 | 1.4 | $>50$ | > 50 |
| 50 | B | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{OBn}$ | >50 | 20 | 55 | $>50$ | > 50 |
| 51 | B | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ | $>50$ | 7.9 | 6.6 | >50 | > 50 |
| 52 | B | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ | $>50$ | 8.7 | 10 | $>50$ | >50 |
| 53 | B | $\mathrm{N}(\mathrm{Ac})\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ | $>50$ | 7.7 | 20 | $>50$ | >50 |

[^1]piperazine derivatives against both PDGFR (by 2- to $>10$-fold) and c-Src (by 3 - to $>5$-fold). Thus, lead compound 14 was overall the most selective inhibitor in this series, although compounds 17, 20, 23, and 26 were slightly more potent dual FGFR/VEGFR inhibitors. Finally, as expected, all compounds tested (14, 16, 18-20, 22, 23, 25, 26) showed excellent aqueous solubility (at least 40 mM as their hydrochloride salts; see Supporting Information).

As demonstrated previously for both pyridopyrimidines ${ }^{37}$ and 1,6-naphthyridines, ${ }^{41}$ the nature of the substituents on the 3 -phenyl ring are critically important in determining the pattern of kinase activity. In the proposed binding model ${ }^{67}$ and the crystal structure of $12,{ }^{40}$ this ring is buried deep in the binding cleft of the enzymes in a pocket not used by ATP. Two residues (Val559 and Val561 in FGFR-1, also conserved in VEGFR-1 and VEGFR-2) whose side chains form part of this hydrophobic pocket have been described as key to the selectivity conferred by the 3,5-dimethoxyphenyl substituents. ${ }^{40}$ Most protein kinases have residues with larger side chains at one or both positions, which modeling studies indicate would sterically interfere with these substituents. ${ }^{40,67}$ Thus, pyridopyrimidines 12, 102, 103, and 104 also showed >100-fold selectivity for FGFR and VEGFR over both PDGFR and c-Src (Table 3). Additionally, these compounds showed an excellent selectivity profile over a wider range of kinases ( $\mathrm{IC}_{50}>$ $50 \mu \mathrm{M}$ against EGFR, IR, MEK, and PKC). ${ }^{40}$

The 3-phenyl analogues 27-31 had similar, albeit moderate, levels of activity against all kinases tested (Table 1). Compared with their 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl) counterparts, they had significantly greater activity against PDGFR (by ca. 10 -fold) and c-Src (by ca. 20- to 40 -fold) but lower potency against FGFR and VEGFR,
with the 2 -urea derivatives $(\mathbf{2 8}, \mathbf{3 1})$ about 10 - to 30 -fold less potent (for both enzymes) and the 2 -amino compounds $(\mathbf{2 7}, \mathbf{3 0})$ about 50 - to 80 -fold less potent against FGFR and 16 -fold less potent against VEGFR. Compound 29, having a soluble side chain at both C-2 and C-7, was about 3 - to 5 -fold less potent than the corresponding 2 -amino analogue 27 against all kinases.

The 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl) derivatives 32-37 generally retained the high FGFR potencies of the 3-(3,5dimethoxyphenyl) compounds (except amino derivatives 32, 35) but had slightly lower VEGFR potencies (by 2to 10 -fold), much higher c-Src activity (of similar magnitude to their FGFR activity), and higher PDGFR potency (by 5 - to 55 -fold). They thus resemble the corresponding 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidines as "pan-kinase inhibitors". ${ }^{37}$ Again, the 2-amino compounds $(32,35)$ were less potent, while ethylurea derivatives $(\mathbf{3 3}, \mathbf{3 6})$ were essentially equivalent to tertbutylurea derivatives $(\mathbf{3 4}, \mathbf{3 7})$ against all kinases except VEGFR (where they were 5 - to 8 -fold less potent). Overall, the urea derivatives in this series were actually more potent (by 3 - to 6 -fold against c-Src, FGFR, and PDGFR) than analogous 7 -substituted 3 -(2,6-dichlo-rophenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-2(1H)-ones, which we recently reported as c-Src inhibitors. ${ }^{66}$

Table 2 includes kinase inhibition data for some intermediates and byproducts from syntheses of the compounds above, briefly exploring SAR for other 7 -side chain and chromophore modifications in the $3-(3,5-$ dimethoxyphenyl) series. These show that compounds with simple alcohol side chains ( $\mathbf{7 5} \mathbf{- 7 7}$ ) are almost as active as the base-containing analogues, suggesting little binding role for the cationic center. These compounds also have selectivity profiles similar to the profiles of the bases for FGFR and VEGFR over both

Table 3. Comparison of the Kinase Inhibitory Activities of 1,6-Naphthyridines (A) and Pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidines (B)



| compd | form | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{IC}_{50}(\mu \mathrm{M})^{a}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | FGFR | FGFR\# ${ }^{\text {b }}$ | VEGFR $^{\text {b }}$ | PDGFR | c-Src |
| 16 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | NHCONHEt | 0.021 | 0.021 | 0.051 | 30 | 14 |
| 102 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONHEt | 0.033 | 0.018 | 0.062 | 45 | 35 |
| 17 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.024 | 0.005 | 0.005 | 16 | 9.1 |
| 103 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.019 | 0.011 | 0.021 | 31 | 26 |
| 22 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONHEt | 0.024 | 0.013 | 0.046 | 6.5 | 7.0 |
| 104 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONHEt | 0.035 | 0.086 | 0.19 | 27 | 22 |
| 23 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.025 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 2.6 | 4.6 |
| 12 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.028 | 0.019 | 0.12 | 14 | $20^{d}$ |
| 75 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.049 | 0.004 | 0.005 | 32 | $>50$ |
| 105 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.038 | 0.049 | 0.071 | >50 | >50 |

${ }^{a} \mathrm{IC}_{50}$ : concentration of drug $(\mu \mathrm{M})$ that inhibits the phosphorylation of a random glutamate/tyrosine (4:1) copolymer by FGFR, VEGFR, PDGFR, or c-Src proteins. For active compounds, values are an average of two or more separate determinations; variation was generally $\pm 30 \%{ }^{b}$ DELFIA assay; see Experimental Section. ${ }^{c}$ 4-Methylpiperazin-1-yl. ${ }^{d}$ Data from ref 40.

PDGFR and c-Src. The corresponding benzyl derivatives (41-43) were significantly less active (by ca. 15- to 50 fold against both FGFR and VEGFR). The $N$-acetyl alcohols (44-46) demonstrated even less potency (by 350 - to 1600 -fold against both kinases), as expected, because of the essential role of the exocyclic NH in binding to the enzyme as described previously. $40,66,67$ Surprisingly, however, the $N$-acetylbenzyl derivatives (38-40) retained modest activity, which was only slightly weaker than the 7-NH benzyl derivatives (4143). 3,4-Dihydro-1,6-naphthyridine analogues (48-53) were generally less potent than the corresponding unsaturated compounds ( $\mathbf{3 8}-\mathbf{4 0}, \mathbf{4 4 - 4 6}$ ) against both FGFR and VEGFR, suggesting that a planar bicyclic ring system is slightly more favorable for binding in the ATP site of these enzymes.

The kinase inhibition data for some 1,6 -naphthyridines and analogous pyrido $[2,3-d]$ pyrimidines are compared in Table 3. While the potency of both series against FGFR is similar in the original assay, as found previously, ${ }^{41}$ the naphthyridines generally show greater potency than the pyrido $[2,3-d]$ pyrimidines in the new FGFR assay and against VEGFR (by 2 - to 20 -fold in $4 / 5$ cases), with only slightly (up to 5 -fold) higher PDGFR and $\mathrm{c}-\mathrm{Src}$ activity.

The FGFR/VEGFR-selective 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl) compounds (14-26, 75-77) were also evaluated for their ability to inhibit the growth of two tumor cell lines (C6 glioma, A90 ovarian carcinoma) ${ }^{41}$ and of human umbilical vein endothelial cells (HUVECs), stimulated by serum, FGF, or VEGF ${ }^{39}$ (Table 4). Overall, the compounds displayed moderate inhibition of the FGFRoverexpressing A90 cell line (10/16 compounds had $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ $<0.65 \mu \mathrm{M}$ ), weaker inhibition of the PDGF-dependent C6 cell line (expressing moderate FGFR levels), but much higher potency toward HUVECs, whose growth has been shown to be FGF-dependent. ${ }^{68}$ (A similar pattern of cell selectivity was previously reported for 12, allowing an assessment of its specific antiangiogenic effects. ${ }^{39}$ ) For both serum-stimulated HUVECs and the A90 and C6 cell lines, the same activity trends of 2 -amine $<2$-ethylurea $<2$-tert-butylurea were ob-
served. Many compounds, including the alcohols, displayed much higher potency than the lead compound 14, with analogues 20 and 24 being particularly effective. Additionally, all of the compounds tested were active in inhibiting FGF-stimulated HUVEC growth, at similar or slightly (up to 5 -fold) higher potency levels compared to those observed for serum-stimulated growth. However, the compounds were significantly less potent at inhibiting VEGF-stimulated HUVEC growth (by 7to 180 -fold), despite their high potency in the VEGFR enzyme assay (the reason for this is unclear, but the activity trends correlate well; e.g., ethylureas and diethylaminopropyl derivative 18 were less effective). A comparison of some 1,6-naphthyridines and analogous pyrido $[2,3-d]$ pyrimidines (Table 5) again shows the naphthyridines to be superior in all growth delay assays, especially for HUVECs (by about 3 - to 65 -fold). These results, together with their increased potency against VEGFR and good selectivity profile, distinguish the 1,6naphthyridines from the related pyrido $[2,3-d]$ pyrimidines and suggest that they should be evaluated further as antiangiogenesis agents.

## Conclusions

We have shown that 7 -solubilized 3-(3,5-dimethox-yphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridine 2 -ureas are potent inhibitors of both FGFR-1 and VEGFR-2, with very high selectivity for these kinases compared with PDGFR and c-Src. The inhibitory potencies do not vary markedly with the nature (base strength) or disposition of the terminal amine on the 7 -substituent. This may be advantageous in providing scope for the optimization of pharmacokinetic properties for these compounds as potential drugs. The flexible synthesis reported here will further assist such development. Following the initial alkylation, the critical second step is removal of the $O$-benzyl protecting group with DDQ in the absence of water rather than by hydrogenolysis (to avoid concomitant reduction of the 1,6 -naphthyridine); one-pot mesylation/amine displacement and selective cleavage of the acetamide completes the synthesis.

The SAR for inhibition of VEGFR is also similar to that of FGFR with respect to substituents on the phenyl

Table 4. In Vitro Growth Delay Activities of 7-Substituted 1,6-Naphthyridines


| compd | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{IC}_{50}(\mu \mathrm{M})^{a}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | HUVEC ${ }^{\text {b }}$ |  |  | A90 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | C6 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
|  |  |  | serum | FGF | VEGF |  |  |
| 14 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{morph}^{\text {e }}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.085 | 0.001 | 0.037 | 1.9 | 3.4 |
| 15 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip ${ }^{f}$ | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | 0.15 |  |  | 6.4 | 9.1 |
| 16 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONHEt | 0.015 | 0.0036 | 0.88 | 4.8 | 7.5 |
| 17 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.0019 | 0.001 | 0.073 | 0.33 | 1.8 |
| 18 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.012 | 0.002 | 0.28 | 1.7 | 4.0 |
| 19 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4}$ morph ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.0044 | 0.003 | 0.082 | 0.35 | 2.7 |
| 20 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} 4$-Mepip $f$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.0004 | 0.0027 | 0.066 | 0.20 | 1.3 |
| 21 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ | 0.13 |  |  | 12 | 5.9 |
| 22 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONHEt | 0.014 | 0.0026 | 0.53 | 4.5 | 3.5 |
| 23 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.0027 | 0.0005 | 0.043 | 0.56 | 2.1 |
| 24 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{morph}^{\text {e }}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.0005 | 0.002 | 0.091 | 0.34 | 2.9 |
| 25 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} 4$-Mepip $f$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.003 |  |  | 0.17 | 0.98 |
| 26 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.002 | 0.002 | 0.19 | 0.20 | 1.5 |
| 75 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.006 | 0.0027 | 0.047 | 0.056 | 1.8 |
| 76 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{OH}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.006 | 0.0047 | 0.041 | 0.042 | 1.2 |
| 77 | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{5} \mathrm{OH}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.004 | 0.003 | 0.047 | 0.63 | 3.4 |

${ }^{a} \mathrm{IC}_{50}$ : concentration of drug ( $\mu \mathrm{M}$ ) that inhibits in vitro cell growth. For active compounds, values are an average of two or more separate determinations. ${ }^{b}$ FGF-dependent human umbilical vein endothelial cells stimulated by serum, FGF, or VEGF (see ref 39). ${ }^{c}$ FGFR overexpressing human ovarian carcinoma. ${ }^{d}$ PDGF-dependent rat glioma (expressing moderate FGFR levels). ${ }^{e} N$-Morpholinyl. ${ }^{f} 4$ -Methylpiperazin-1-yl.

Table 5. Comparison of the in Vitro Growth Delay Activities of 1,6 -Naphthyridines (A) and Pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidines (B)



| compd | form | $\mathrm{R}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{2}$ | $\mathrm{IC}_{50}(\mu \mathrm{M})^{a}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\mathrm{HUVEC}^{\text {b }}$ |  |  | A90 ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | C6 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |
|  |  |  |  | serum | FGF | VEGF |  |  |
| 16 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | NHCONHEt | 0.015 | 0.0036 | 0.88 | 4.8 | 7.5 |
| 102 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONHEt | 0.088 | 0.015 | 0.93 | 6.8 | 12 |
| 17 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip ${ }^{\text {e }}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.0019 | 0.001 | 0.073 | 0.33 | 1.8 |
| 103 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} 4$-Mepip | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.028 | 0.006 | 0.22 | 4.6 | 7.9 |
| 22 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONHEt | 0.014 | 0.0026 | 0.53 | 4.5 | 3.5 |
| 104 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONHEt | 0.43 | 0.033 | 1.8 | 25 | > 25 |
| 23 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.0027 | 0.0005 | 0.043 | 0.56 | 2.1 |
| 12 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{NEt}_{2}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.015 | 0.007 | 0.19 | 13 | 17 |
| 75 | A | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ | NHCONH $t$ Bu | 0.006 | 0.0027 | 0.047 | 0.056 | 1.8 |
| 105 | B | $\mathrm{NH}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{3} \mathrm{OH}$ | NHCONH $t \mathrm{Bu}$ | 0.037 | 0.020 | 3.0 | 6.8 | 11 |

${ }^{a} \mathrm{IC}_{50}$ : concentration of drug $(\mu \mathrm{M})$ that inhibits in vitro cell growth. For active compounds, values are an average of two or more separate determinations. ${ }^{b}$ FGF-dependent human umbilical vein endothelial cells stimulated by serum, FGF, or VEGF (see ref 39). ${ }^{c}$ FGFR overexpressing human ovarian carcinoma. ${ }^{d}$ PDGF-dependent rat glioma (expressing moderate FGFR levels). ${ }^{e}$ 4-Methylpiperazin-1-yl.
ring (3,5-diOMe $>2,6-\mathrm{diCl} \gg \mathrm{H}$ in potency), with both 3 -(2,6-dichlorophenyl) derivatives and 3-phenyl derivatives being less selective. However, inhibition of VEGFR appears to be more sensitive to the nature of the 2 -substituent ( $t \mathrm{Bu}$ urea $>\mathrm{Et}$ urea $>\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ). Pairwise comparisons of solubilized 3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6naphthyridines and the corresponding pyrido $[2,3-d]-$ pyrimidines show the former to have superior potencies both against the isolated VEGFR enzyme and in HUVEC cultures. This confirms ${ }^{41,66}$ that the 1-aza atom of the pyrido $[2,3-d]$ pyrimidines is not advantageous for inhibition of any of the kinases examined and suggests
that the 1,6 -naphthyridines (e.g., 17, 23) are worthy of further evaluation as antiangiogenesis agents.

## Experimental Section

Analyses were performed by the Microchemical Laboratory, University of Otago, Dunedin, New Zealand. Melting points were determined using an Electrothermal model 9200 digital melting point apparatus and are as read. NMR spectra were measured on a Bruker DRX-400 spectrometer and referenced to $\mathrm{Me}_{4} \mathrm{Si}$. Mass spectra were recorded on a Varian VG-70SE spectrometer at nominal 5000 resolution. HPLC was carried out using a Bondclone 10 C 18 reverse-phase silica gel column, with a Phillips PU4100M gradient elution pump and a Phillips PU 4120 diode array detector, and eluting with the appropriate
ratios of $95 \% \mathrm{MeCN} / 5 \%$ water (solvent A ) and 0.45 M ammonium formate buffer (solvent $\mathrm{B}, \mathrm{pH} 3.45$ ).
$N$-[3-(Benzyloxy)propyl]-N-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)car-bonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-$7-y l]$ acetamide (38). A solution of $N$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)-carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7yl] acetamide ${ }^{41}(\mathbf{1 3})(2.00 \mathrm{~g}, 4.58 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(0.75 \mathrm{~g}, 18.8 \mathrm{mmol})$. Then the reaction flask was immediately sealed with a rubber septum, degassed (water pump vacuum), and filled with dry $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ (balloon), and the mixture was stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 40 min , then at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h . A solution of benzyl 3-iodopropyl ether ${ }^{43}$ ( $1.65 \mathrm{~g}, 5.98 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMF ( 5 mL , then $2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL}$ to rinse) was added (syringe), and then the mixture was foil-covered and stirred at $0-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day. The resulting solution was cooled in ice, then treated with ice/aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(250 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with EtOAc $(10 \times 200 \mathrm{~mL})$. The extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-0.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $0.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ yielded crude material which, upon crystallization twice from $\mathrm{CH}_{2}-$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ /hexane, gave $N$-[7-[[3-(benzyloxy)propyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]- $N^{\prime}$-tert-butylurea (41) ( $145 \mathrm{mg}, 6 \%$ ): mp ( $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /$ hexane) $135-137{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.23(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.70(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.99$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.31$ (m, $\left.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.04$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.91 (br t, $J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $6.63\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right)$, $6.40(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.81\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$, $3.56\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.38\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 1.87$ (pentet, $\left.J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 159.54(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-7), 152.41,152.06$ ( 2 s , CONH, C-2), 151.39 (d, C-5), 149.38 (s, C-8a), 138.59 ( s, C-1"), 137.47 (d, C-4), 137.41 (s, C-1'), 128.17, 127.35 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, C-2", $\left.3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.29$ (d, C-4"), 121.13 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.18 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 107.10 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.21 (d, C-4'), 94.62 (br d, C-8), 71.87 ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $67.53\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.41\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.95(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 38.53\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 29.08\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.66(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $0.5-0.75 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ yielded crude material which, upon crystallization twice from $\mathrm{CH}_{2^{-}}$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ /light petroleum, gave recovered $13(143 \mathrm{mg}, 7 \%)$.

Further elution with $0.75-1 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 38 (2.00 g, 75\%): foam; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.87$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.12 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 8.34$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.69 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.25 (m, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 6.70\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 4.35$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 3.97 (t, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 3.82 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.46\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 1.99(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), 1.80 (pentet, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.41 (s, 9 H , $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.41$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 161.20 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right)$, $154.35,153.00,151.55$ ( $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 151.25 (d, C-5), 148.82 (s, C-8a), 138.36 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime \prime}$ ), 136.98 (d, C-4), 136.54 (s, C-1'), $128.04,127.19$ ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$ ), 127.17 (d, $\left.\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.00$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.59 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.50 (d, C-8), 107.05 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 100.63$ (d, C-4'), 71.69 (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 67.08 (t, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.45\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 50.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 44.76(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.65\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 28.13\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.93\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{39} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-[4-(Benzyloxy)butyl]- $N$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbo-nyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7yl]acetamide (39). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of $13(2.00 \mathrm{~g}, 4.58 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF ( 50 mL ) with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}$ ( $0.79 \mathrm{~g}, 19.8 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 25 min , then at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 35 min , followed by reaction with benzyl 4-iodobutyl ether ${ }^{44}$ $(1.66 \mathrm{~g}, 5.72 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF ( 5 mL , then $2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) at $0-20$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave (after crystallization twice from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ /hexane) $N$-[7-[[4-(benzyloxy)butyl]-amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]- $N^{\prime}$-tertbutylurea (42) ( $237 \mathrm{mg}, 9 \%$ ): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) 106-109 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.23$ (br s, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}\right), 8.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, H-5), 7.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.30 (m, $\left.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.02$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.92 (br t, $J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH} 2$ ), 6.63 (t, $\left.J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.62\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.39$ $(\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$,
$3.48\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 1.65$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.16$ (s, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 159.58 (s, C-7), $152.42,152.10$ ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.40 (d, C-5), 149.37 ( s, C-8a), 138.65 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime \prime}$ ), 137.49 (d, C-4), 137.43 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), $128.18,127.34$ ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$ ), 127.27 (d, C-4"), 121.08 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.16 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 107.11 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.21 (d, C-4'), 94.68 (br d, C-8), 71.75 (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2^{-}}$ $\mathrm{Ph}), 69.43\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.43\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $41.06\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.68\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.81,25.68(2 \mathrm{t}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{39} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $0.5-1 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave (after crystallization twice) recovered $13(160 \mathrm{mg}, 8 \%)$.

Further elution with $1 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 39 ( 1.99 g , $73 \%$ ): foam; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.86$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.13 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), $8.35(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.68(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 7.26$ (m, 6 H, NH, H- $\left.2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 6.70$ ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 4.39$ (s, 2 H , $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.90\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.38(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.54(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR} \delta 169.29(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 161.20 (s, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 154.21, 153.03, 151.53 (3 s, CONH, C-2,7), 151.29 (d, C-5), 148.80 (s, C-8a), 138.52 (s, C-1"), 136.99 (d, C-4), 136.54 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 128.06, 127.20 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, C-2" $\left., 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.15$ (d, C-4"), 127.03 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.58 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.54 (d, C-8), 107.05 (d, 2 C, C-2', 6'), 100.63 (d, C-4'), 71.63 $\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 69.14\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.45\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 50.15(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.76\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.63\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.40,24.61$ $\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.94\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{34} \mathrm{H}_{41} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5} \cdot 0.5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$\boldsymbol{N}$-[5-(Benzyloxy)pentyl]- $\boldsymbol{N}$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)car-bonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-$7-y l]$ acetamide (40). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of 13 ( $1.51 \mathrm{~g}, 3.45 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMF ( 50 mL ) with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}$ ( $0.571 \mathrm{~g}, 14.3 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 20 min , then at 0 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 40 min , followed by reaction with benzyl 5-iodopentyl ether ${ }^{45}(1.31 \mathrm{~g}, 4.31 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF ( 5 mL , then $2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) at $0-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.5-0.75 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave (after crystallization twice from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /$ hexane) $N$ - [7-[[5-(benzyloxy)pentyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naph-thyridin-2-yl]- $N^{\prime}$-tert-butylurea (43) $(97 \mathrm{mg}, 5 \%): \mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $116-117{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.24$ (br s, 1 H , NH ), 8.69 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), $7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$ ), 7.02 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.91 (br t, $J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $6.63\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.1$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.39(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.44\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right)$, $3.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.44\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.29(\mathrm{q}$, $J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 1.59 (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $1.43\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.11$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 159.56 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), $152.36,152.02$ ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}$, $\mathrm{C}-2), 151.34$ (d, C-5), 149.33 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 138.63 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime \prime}\right), 137.43$ (d, C-4), 137.40 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 128.11, 127.29 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, C-2" $\left., 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.20$ (d, C-4"), 120.99 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.07 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 107.07 (d, 2 C, C-2', 6'), 100.16 (d, C-4'), 94.56 (br d, C-8), 71.71 $\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 69.52\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.38\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.91(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 41.08\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.96\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.64\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.63$ $\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 23.31\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{41} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $0.75 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave (after crystallization twice) recovered $13(66 \mathrm{mg}, 4 \%)$.

Further elution with $1-1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 40 (1.70 $\mathrm{g}, 80 \%$ ): foam; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.87$ (br s, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}\right)$, 9.13 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.35 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.66$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.28 (m, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 6.70$ (s, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 4.40$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $3.87\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 6$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.36\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 1.98(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), 1.50 (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.41 (s, 9 H , $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.32\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR} \delta 169.27(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 161.19 (s, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime} 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), $154.24,153.02,151.54$ (3 s, CONH, $\mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 151.26 (d, C-5), 148.79 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 138.58 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime \prime}$ ), 136.99 (d, C-4), 136.53 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 128.08, $127.20(2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.16$ (d, C-4"), 127.01 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.56 (s, C-4a), 115.40 (d, C-8), 107.05 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 100.62\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 71.64$ (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $69.35\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.45\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 50.16(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.93\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.75\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.63(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.53\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.96\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 22.94\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{35} \mathrm{H}_{43} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-di-methoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)acetamide (44). A solution of $38(353 \mathrm{mg}, 0.603 \mathrm{mmol})$ in absolute EtOH ( 280 mL ) was hydrogenated over 5\% Pd/C $(425 \mathrm{mg})$ at 60 psi and $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 48 h . The resulting solution was Celite filtered, washing with $25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. Then the Celite and catalyst were further extracted by stirring in refluxing $25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ for 10 min and then refiltering and washing as before. The filtrates were then combined, the solvents were removed, and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns, and then further elution with $1-1.2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave recovered 38 ( $115 \mathrm{mg}, 33 \%$ ). Elution with $1.5-1.6 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$-[3-(benzyloxy) propyl]- $N$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)-carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-1,6-naph-thyridin-7-yl] acetamide (48) ( $57 \mathrm{mg}, 16 \%$ ): mp (EtOAc/hexane) $108-110{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.90$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.78 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.12 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.27 (m, 5 H , $\left.\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.06$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 6.33 (t, $J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.22\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 4.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=12.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHPh}$ ), 4.31 (d, $J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCHPh}$ ), 3.96 (br d, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3), 3.80\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.59(\mathrm{~s}$, $6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $3.40\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right.$ ), 3.27 (br dd, $J=$ $16.7,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 3.01$ (br d, $J=16.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 1.88 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), 1.70 (pentet, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.36 (s, $\left.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.10(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 163.03(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-2)$, 160.34 (s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 155.15$ (s, C-7), 152.34 (s, CONH), 151.75 (s, C-8a), 147.19 (d, C-5), 140.40 (s, C-1'), 138.39 (s, C-1"), 128.08, 127.32 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$ ), 127.22 (d, C-4"), 118.97 (s, C-4a), 115.08 (d, C-8), 105.30 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 98.44 (d, C-4'), $71.72\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 67.06\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 54.91$ ( $\mathrm{q}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.94\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 44.33\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 39.70(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-3)$, $28.53\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 28.09\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 27.85(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-4), 22.64$ ( q , $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{41} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $1.6-2.2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave a mixture of 44 and 54 ( 86 mg ) (see below).

Further elution with $2.2-3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$-[2[ [(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)acetamide (51) $(22 \mathrm{mg}, 7 \%): \mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $162-164{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [( $\left.\left.\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.89$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.78 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.13 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.05 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), $6.35(\mathrm{t}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, H-4'), 6.22 (d, $J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 4.43 (br t, $J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ), $3.96(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3)$, $3.76(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $3.61\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.38\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\right.$ OH ), 3.28 (br dd, $J=16.1,6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 3.01 (br d, $J=$ $16.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 1.88\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right.$ ), 1.57 (pentet, $J=6.8$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.14(\mathrm{~s}$, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 163.02 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 160.34 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 155.13 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), 152.34 (s, CONH), 151.71 (s, C-8a), 147.16 (d, C-5), 140.45 (s, C-1'), 118.91 (s, C-4a), 115.06 (d, C-8), 105.28 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 98.52 (d, C-4'), $58.23\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 54.94$ (q, $2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 49.95 (s, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 44.51$ (t, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 39.68 (d, C-3), $31.04\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ ), $28.54\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.81$ (t, C-4), $22.66\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$ - $[3-(3,5-$ dimethoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$ -(3-hydroxypropyl)acetamide (57) ( $17 \mathrm{mg}, 7 \%$ ) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [(CD $\left.\left.{ }_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 7.82(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.05(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.49$ (d, $\left.J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right.$ ), $6.35(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.52\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.73(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $3.65\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.42\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\right.$ OH ), 3.39 ( $\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2$ ), 3.26 (br dd, $J=12.0,9.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-2), 2.87$ (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3,2 \mathrm{H}-4$ ), $1.83\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.58$ (pentet, $J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.05(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 160.51 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 153.83 , 151.68 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-7,8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 147.57 (d, C-5), 145.52 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 114.89 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 105.48 (d, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 104.11 (d, C-8), 98.19 (d, C-4'), $58.40\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right.$ ), 55.07 ( $\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}$, $2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 46.06 (t, C-2), 44.37 (t, NCH 2 ), 36.55 (d, C-3), 31.00 ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 30.52 ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-4$ ), 22.44 ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 386.2080$, found 386.2088 .

Further elution with $10 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$ - [2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)aceta-
mide ( $\mathbf{6 0}$ ) $(4.5 \mathrm{mg}, 1.5 \%)$ as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 7.92$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.61 (br d, $J=3.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.54 ( $\mathrm{d}, ~ J=2.1$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.45(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 6.37(\mathrm{t}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.29$ (br d, $J=9.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 5.66 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 5.21 (dt, $J=9.3,3.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2), 4.48$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ), $3.73\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.64\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.42(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.73\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.64(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $3.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.13(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3), 2.93(\mathrm{~m}, 2$ $\mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{H}-4), 1.83\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.57$ (pentet, $J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)\right.$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{38} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 500.2873$, found 500.2858 .
$N-[2-[[($ tert-Butylamino) carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-(4-hydroxybutyl)acetamide (45). Similar hydrogenation of $\mathbf{3 9}$ (398 mg, $0.664 \mathrm{mmol})$ in absolute $\mathrm{EtOH}(320 \mathrm{~mL})$ over $5 \% \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(480$ mg ) at 60 psi and $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 36 h and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $1-1.4 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave firstly recovered $39(136 \mathrm{mg}, 34 \%)$. Elution with $1.7-2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$-[4-(benzyloxy)butyl]- N -[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihy-dro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]acetamide (49) ( $50 \mathrm{mg}, 13 \%$ ): mp (EtOAc/hexane) $107-109.5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.90$ (br $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.78 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.12 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.28 (m, $\left.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.04$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 6.34 (t, $J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.21\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 4.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2^{-}}\right.$ Ph ), 3.96 (br d, $J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3$ ), $3.73\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$ ), $3.60\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.35\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right.$ ), 3.28 (br dd, $J=16.8,7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 3.01$ (br d, $J=16.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-4), 1.87\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.48\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.35(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 168.99$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 163.02 (s, $\mathrm{C}-2$ ), 160.34 (s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 155.05$ (s, C-7), 152.36 (s, CONH), 151.73 (s, $\mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 147.25 (d, C-5), 140.43 (s, C-1'), 138.54 (s, C-1"), 128.09, 127.26 ( $\left.2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right)$, 127.19 (d, C-4"), 118.93 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.08 (d, C-8), 105.30 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 98.48$ (d, C-4'), $71.66\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 69.13\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 54.91\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$, $49.94\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.50\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 39.69(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-3), 28.51$ (q, 3 $\left.\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.84(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-4), 26.40,24.62\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.63(\mathrm{q}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{34} \mathrm{H}_{43} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave a minor mixture ( 13 mg ), which was combined with similar mixtures from subsequent repeat runs and crystallized from DMSO/ water and then EtOAc/hexane to give $N$-[4-(benzyloxy)butyl]-$N$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6-naphthyridin7 -yl]acetamide ( 55 ) ( $19 \mathrm{mg}, \mathbf{1 \%}$ overall): mp (EtOAc/hexane) $80-84{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 7.81$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.30 (m, 5 H, H-2" $\left., 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.03$ (br d, $J=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.48 (d, $\left.J=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.34$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 4.41 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 3.72 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $3.62\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.39\left(\mathrm{t}, J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, 3.35 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2$ ), 3.25 (br dd, $J=12.0,9.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2$ ), 2.87 (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3,2 \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 1.82 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), 1.49 (m, 4 H , $2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 168.75$ (s, C=O), 160.45 (s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right)$, 153.69, 151.58 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-7,8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 147.55 (d, C-5), 145.46 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 138.59 (s, C-1"), 128.12, 127.28 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$ ), 127.20 (d, C-4"), 114.77 (s, C-4a), 105.41 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 104.03 (d, C-8), 98.15 (d, C-4'), 71.66 (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 69.23 ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), 55.01 ( $\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $46.29,45.99$ ( $2 \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-2, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 36.51 (d, $\mathrm{C}-3$ ), 30.48 (t, C-4), 26.46, 24.49 ( $2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 22.38 ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 490.2706$, found 490.2712. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4} \cdot \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $2-3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave the desired 45 (122 mg, 36\%): mp (EtOAc/Et $\mathrm{t}_{2} \mathrm{O} /$ hexane) $133-135{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [( $\left.\left.\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.87$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.14 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.66 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.30 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.71 (d, $\left.J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.70\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right.$ ), 4.36 (br t, $J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ), $3.88(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 3.82 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $3.33\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right.$ ), $1.98(\mathrm{~s}, 3$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), 1.50 (pentet, $J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $1.42(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.29(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 161.21 (s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 154.25,153.06,151.57$ ( $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}$, C-2,7), 151.31 (d, C-5), 148.82 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 137.02 (d, C-4), 136.56 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 127.06 (s, C-3), 118.60 (s, C-4a), 115.50 (d, C-8), 107.09 (d, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), $100.64\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 60.31\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.47(\mathrm{q}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 50.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.96\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 29.69\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$,
28.66 ( $\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}$ ), $24.52\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.97\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $3.5-4.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-(4-hydroxybutyl)acetamide (52) $(23 \mathrm{mg}, 7 \%): \operatorname{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $165-167.5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [(CD $\left.\left.)_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.89$ (br s, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}\right), 9.78$ (br s, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}\right)$, $8.13(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.03(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 6.35(\mathrm{t}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.21$ (d, $\left.J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 4.34$ (br t, $J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.96$ (br d, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3$ ), 3.74 (dt, $J=$ $14.1,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}$ ), 3.69 (dt, $J=13.8,7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}$ ), $3.61\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.33\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.28(\mathrm{br} d d, J=$ $16.7,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 3.00 (br d, $J=16.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 1.87 $\left(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 168.94$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 163.05 (s, C-2), 160.35 (s, 2 C , $\left.\mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 155.05$ (s, C-7), 152.34 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CONH}$ ), 151.73 (s, C-8a), 147.23 (d, C-5), 140.45 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 118.92 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.05 (d, $\mathrm{C}-8), 105.30\left(\mathrm{~d}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 98.50\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 60.30\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, $54.93\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.96\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.64\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 39.71$ (d, C-3), $29.66\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.54\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.83(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-4)$, $24.47\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.65\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $10 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$ -(4-hydroxybutyl)acetamide (58) (13 mg, 5\%) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 7.82(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.07(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.49(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.34$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.37\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.73\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$, $3.60\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.36(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2), 3.34(\mathrm{~m}, 2$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ), 3.26 (br dd, $\left.J=12.0,9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2\right), 2.88$ (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3,2 \mathrm{H}-4), 1.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 168.71$ (s, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 160.46 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 153.66$, 151.61 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-7,8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 147.49 (d, C-5), 145.48 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 114.80 ( s, C-4a), 105.43 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 104.08 (d, C-8), 98.14 (d, C-4'), $60.36\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.02\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 46.45,46.00(2 \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-2$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 36.50 (d, C-3), 30.48 (t, C-4), 29.74, $24.37\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $22.41\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{30} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right)$ 400.2236, found 400.2247.
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$-(5-hydroxypentyl)acetamide (46). Similar hydrogenation of 40 ( 401 mg , $0.654 \mathrm{mmol})$ in absolute $\mathrm{EtOH}(320 \mathrm{~mL})$ over $5 \% \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(480$ mg ) at 60 psi and $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 48 h and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $1-1.25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave firstly recovered $40(156 \mathrm{mg}, 39 \%)$. Elution with $1.5-1.8 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$-[5-(benzyloxy)pentyl]- $N$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]acetamide (50) (40 mg, $10 \%$ ): mp (EtOAc/hexane) $120-121^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [ $\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}$ ] $\delta 9.90$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.79 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.12 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.29 (m, $\left.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.03$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 6.35 (t, J= $\left.2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.22\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 4.40(\mathrm{~s}, 2$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 3.96 (br d, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3$ ), 3.76 (dt, $J=$ $14.1,7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}), 3.70(\mathrm{dt}, J=13.4,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH})$, $3.61\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.35\left(\mathrm{t}, ~ J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.27(\mathrm{br}$ $\mathrm{dd}, J=16.8,7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 3.00(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=16.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-4), 1.88\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.47$ (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.38 (pentet, $\left.J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, 1.27 (pentet, $J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ) ; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 168.94$ (s, $\mathrm{C}=$ O), 163.04 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 160.34 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 155.04$ (s, C-7), 152.33 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CONH}$ ), 151.72 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 147.21 (d, C-5), 140.41 ( s , $\left.\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 138.59\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime \prime}\right), 128.09,127.33(2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, C-2" $\left., 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.18$ (d, C-4"), 118.90 (s, C-4a), 114.99 (d, C-8), 105.32 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 98.43\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 71.66\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 69.33$ (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), $54.91\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.56$ (t, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 39.69 (d, C-3), 28.76 (t, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 28.51 ( $\left.\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, 27.83 (t, C-4), 27.47, 22.85 (2 t, $2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 22.66 ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{35} \mathrm{H}_{46} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~m} / z\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right)$616.3499, found 616.3500. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{35} \mathrm{H}_{45} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5} \cdot 0.5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $1.8 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave a minor mixture ( 8 mg ), which was combined with similar mixtures from subsequent repeat runs and fractionally crystallized from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ /hexane to give tert-butylurea ( 6 mg ): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $179-181.5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (lit. ${ }^{69} 182-184{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2^{-}}\right.$ $\mathrm{SO}] 5.71$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 5.13\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 1.20(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$,
$\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 158.00(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}), 48.67\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, 29.14 ( $\left.\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HREIMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{5} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right)$ 116.09496 , found 116.09473.

The remaining liquors were crystallized from DMSO/water and then $\mathrm{EtOAc} /$ hexane to give $N$-[5-(benzyloxy)pentyl]- $N$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7yl]acetamide (56) ( $25 \mathrm{mg}, 2 \%$ overall): mp (EtOAc/hexane) 88$90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 7.81(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.00$ (br d, $J=3.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.48 (d, J $\left.=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.34(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.72\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.60$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.38\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, 3.37 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2$ ), 3.25 (br dd, $J=12.0,9.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2$ ), $2.87(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3,2 \mathrm{H}-4), 1.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.51$ (pentet, J $=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.42 (pentet, $J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.28 (pentet, $\left.J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 168.69$ (s, C=O), 160.44 (s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime} 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 153.74,151.54$ ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-7,8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 147.55 (d, $\mathrm{C}-5$ ), 145.44 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 138.62 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime \prime}$ ), $128.09,127.25$ ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times$ $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.17$ (d, C-4"), 114.71 (s, C-4a), 105.39 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 103.96$ (d, C-8), 98.14 (d, C-4'), $71.65\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2^{-}}\right.$ $\mathrm{Ph}), 69.42\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 54.99\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 46.37,45.98(2 \mathrm{t}$, $\mathrm{C}-2, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 36.50 (d, C-3), 30.46 (t, C-4), 28.78, 27.39, 22.92 (3 t, $3 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 22.38 ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{38} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ $m / z\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 504.2862$, found 504.2860. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right) \mathrm{C}$, H, N.

Further elution of the column with $2-3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave the desired 46 ( $137 \mathrm{mg}, 40 \%$ ): mp (EtOAc/hexane) $113-$ $115{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.88(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 9.13(\mathrm{~s}, 1$ H, H-5), 8.35 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.66$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.29 (br s, 1 H , $\mathrm{NH}), 6.71\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.70(\mathrm{t}, J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 4.32\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.86(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.33(\mathrm{td}, J=6.3,5.2$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.47$ (pentet, $J=7.5$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.37$ (pentet, $J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ) 1.28 (pentet, $J=7.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ) ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta$ 169.24 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 161.19 (s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 154.24,153.04,151.54$ (3 s, CONH, C-2,7), 151.28 (d, C-5), 148.79 (s, C-8a), 136.99 (d, C-4), 136.54 (s, C-1'), 127.03 (s, C-3), 118.56 (s, C-4a), 115.43 (d, C-8), 107.07 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.63 (d, C-4'), 60.41 (t, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.45\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 50.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 47.04(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 32.09\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.64\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.59\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $22.96\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 22.69\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5} \cdot 0.5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}$, H, N.

Further elution with $3-10 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave a mixture of the above compound and more polar products ( 29 mg ). Chromatography of similar mixtures, combined from subsequent repeat runs, on silica gel, eluting with $2.5-4 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, gave $N$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-3,4-dihydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$ -(5-hydroxypentyl)acetamide (53) ( $65 \mathrm{mg}, 5 \%$ overall): mp (EtOAc/hexane) $138-140{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.90$ (br $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.78 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.13 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.03 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 6.35\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.21(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 4.32\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.96$ (br d, $J$ $=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3), 3.73(\mathrm{dt}, J=13.6,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH})$, $3.67(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}), 3.61\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.32\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2^{-}}\right.$ OH), 3.27 (br dd, $J=16.7,7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 3.00 (br d, $J=$ $16.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 1.87\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.37\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $1.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.24\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 168.95$ (s, C=O), 163.05 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 160.36 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 155.07$ (s, C-7), 152.36 (s, CONH), 151.77 ( s, C-8a), 147.26 (d, C-5), 140.45 (s, C-1'), 118.93 (s, C-4a), 115.05 (d, C-8), 105.33 (d, 2 C, $\left.\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 98.47\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 60.44\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 54.94\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$, $49.97\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.73\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 39.69(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-3), 32.13(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.54\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.85(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-4), 27.57\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $22.67\left(\mathrm{t}+\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{39} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution of the latter column with $10 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$-(5-hydroxypentyl)acetamide (59) 65 mg , $6 \%$ overall) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 7.81(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5)$, $7.03(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.49\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38$ (t, $J$ $\left.=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.33(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.33(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.72\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.58(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $3.39(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2), 3.36\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.26$ (br dd,
$J=12.0,9.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2), 2.88(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3,2 \mathrm{H}-4), 1.81(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), 1.37 (pentet, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.23 (pentet, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 168.68(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 160.45 (s, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 153.71, 151.59 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-7,8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 147.52 (d, C-5), 145.48 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 114.76 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 105.42 (d, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 104.01 (d, C-8), 98.13 (d, C-4'), 60.45 (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), 55.01 (q, 2 C , $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 46.53,45.99\left(2 \mathrm{t}, \mathrm{C}-2, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 36.50(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-3), 32.13(\mathrm{t}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 30.47 (t, C-4), 27.46, $22.69\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.41\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 414.2393$, found 414.2392 .

Purification of 44 and Alternative Preparations. A. Via Acetylation/Hydrolysis. A solution of crude 44 above ( 68 mg of ca. $80 \%, 0.11 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in pyridine ( 7 mL ) was treated with acetic anhydride ( $0.70 \mathrm{~mL}, 7.43 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), then the mixture was stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 14 h . The resulting solution was diluted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, then treated with a mixture of ice and aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$, and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(4 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were washed with water and then evaporated to dryness, and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $1-1.25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 3 -[acetyl[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethox-yphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]aminolpropyl acetate (47) (59 $\mathrm{mg}, 100 \%$ ) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.86(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, NH ), 9.14 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.36 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.71 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.30 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.70 (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 4.02 ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.5$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.95\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $1.97\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCOCH}_{3}\right), 1.94\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCOCH}_{3}\right), 1.81$ (pentet, $\left.J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 538.2665$, found 538.2663.

Further elution with $2-4 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$-[3-(ben-zyloxy)propyl]- $N$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl] acetamide (54) ( 9 mg ) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 7.81$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.30 ( $\mathrm{m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$ ), 7.02 (br d, $J=3.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.48 (d, $J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, H-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 6.38 ( $\mathrm{t}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), 6.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 4.38 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), $3.72\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.69(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $3.42\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.37(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2)$, $3.24(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2), 2.85(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3,2 \mathrm{H}-4), 1.83(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), 1.70 (pentet, $J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ); HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 476.2549$, found 476.2546 .

A solution of 47 ( $58 \mathrm{mg}, 0.108 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in $\mathrm{MeOH}(27 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(61 \mathrm{mg}, 0.44 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water ( 3 mL ), stirring at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h . The resulting solution was diluted with water $(120 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were washed with water ( 120 mL ), and then the aqueous portion was further extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ $(3 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL})$. The resulting extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1.2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns, then further elution with $1.2-3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $44(50 \mathrm{mg}$, $94 \%$ ): mp (EtOAc/hexane) $154-157{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right.$ ] $\delta 9.89$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.14 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.69 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.30 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.70$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 4.51 (br t, $J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ), $3.93(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.42(\mathrm{td}, \mathrm{J}=6.2,5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ), $2.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right.$ ), 1.65 (pentet, $J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.98(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 161.44$ (s, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 154.42, 153.25, 151.90 ( 3 s , CONH, C-2,7), 151.56 (d, C-5), 149.04 (s, C-8a), 137.24 (d, C-4), 136.72 (s, C-1'), 127.29 (s, C-3), 118.86 (s, C-4a), 115.79 (d, C-8), 107.25 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.83 (d, C-4'), 58.48 (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), 55.67 (q, 2 C , $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 50.47\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 45.09\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 31.24\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $28.85\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 23.12\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right) \mathrm{C}$, H, N.
B. DDQ Debenzylation of 38. A solution of $38(305 \mathrm{mg}$, $0.521 \mathrm{mmol})$ and DDQ $(615 \mathrm{mg}, 2.71 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(58 \mathrm{~mL})$ was stirred in a sealed flask (foil-covered) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 days. The resulting solution was treated with a mixture of aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} / \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{3}(350 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5 \times 150$ mL ), sequentially washing each extract with (the same) additional solutions of aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} / \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{3}(300 \mathrm{~mL})$, aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(300 \mathrm{~mL})$, and water $(2 \times 300 \mathrm{~mL})$. The
aqueous portions were further extracted after 18 and 42 h (3 $\times 150 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). Then the combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns, and then further elution with $1-1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave crude recovered 38 ( $36 \mathrm{mg}, 12 \%$ ). Elution with $1.75-2.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 44 ( $178 \mathrm{mg}, 69 \%$ ).
C. DDQ Dehydrogenation of $\mathbf{5 1}$. Similar reaction of $\mathbf{5 1}$ $(42 \mathrm{mg}, 84.5 \mu \mathrm{~mol})$ with DDQ ( $29 \mathrm{mg}, 0.128 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ $(8 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 h and then workup (as above) and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $1-2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave $44(41 \mathrm{mg}, 98 \%)$.
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-[3-(4-meth-yl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]acetamide (65). A stirred solution of (pure) $44(217 \mathrm{mg}, 0.438 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF ( 30 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was treated with dry N -methylmorpholine ( 1.00 $\mathrm{mL}, 9.11 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), followed by mesyl chloride $(0.17 \mathrm{~mL}, 2.20$ mmol , added dropwise by syringe). Then the mixture was stirred at $0-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 12 h . 1-Methylpiperazine ( $10.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 90.3$ mmol ) was then added, and the mixture was stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day and then at $32^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day. Triethylamine ( 1.0 mL , 7.19 mmol ) was added, and the mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure (to ca. 10 mL ). The resulting solution was cooled in ice, then treated with ice/aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(150$ $\mathrm{mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(6 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-6 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2}-$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $7-8 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave [after treatment with aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extraction with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(8 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$ ] an oil ( 182 mg ), which was further chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with 0-3\% $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave foreruns, and then further elution with $3-6 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing) 65 ( $162 \mathrm{mg}, 64 \%$ ): oil; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.89(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 9.13(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 8.35(\mathrm{~s}, 1$ H, H-4), 7.68 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.30 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.70 (s, 3 H , $\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 3.89 (t, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 3.82 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 2.6-2.0 (br s, $\left.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.25(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $2.09\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 1.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.63$ (pentet, $\left.J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.42(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 161.21$ ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime} 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 154.28,153.03$, 151.59 ( $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 151.21 (d, C-5), 148.78 (s, C-8a), 137.01 (d, C-4), 136.56 (s, C-1'), 127.01 (s, C-3), 118.55 (s, C-4a), 115.43 (d, C-8), 107.08 (d, 2 C, C-2', 6'), 100.65 (d, C-4'), 55.47 $\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 54.82\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 54.64,52.45(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 50.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 45.66\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 45.49\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, 28.67 ( $\left.\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.10\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 23.02\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 578.3455$, found 578.3452.
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-[4-(4-meth-yl-1-piperazinyl)butyl]acetamide (66). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of $45(148 \mathrm{mg}, 0.291 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dry $N$-methylmorpholine ( $0.50 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.55 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( 20 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ with mesyl chloride ( $0.116 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.50 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 16 h followed by reaction with 1-methylpiperazine ( 3.25 $\mathrm{mL}, 29.3 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $52{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $4-8 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ EtOAc containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing) crude $66(164 \mathrm{mg},<95 \%)$ as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.88$ (br $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.13 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.36 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.67 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.30 ( $\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $6.70\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}^{\prime} 2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 3.88(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=$ $6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.5-2.0(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 8 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.18\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 2.09\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right)$, $1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.46\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $1.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.31$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 161.21 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2$ C, C-3',5'), 154.20, 153.03, 151.56 (3 s, CONH, C-2,7), 151.29 (d, C-5), 148.80 (s, C-8a), 137.01 (d, C-4), 136.54 (s, C-1'), 127.04 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.59 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.55 (d, C-8), 107.06 (d, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 100.63 (d, C-4'), $57.24\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 55.46\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 54.66$, $52.52\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 50.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.78$ (t, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 45.65\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 28.66\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.60,23.41$
( $2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $22.97\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{46} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{4}$ $\mathrm{m} / z\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 592.3611$, found 592.3611 .
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino) carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$-[5-(4-meth-yl-1-piperazinyl)pentyl]acetamide (67). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of $46(151 \mathrm{mg}, 0.289 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dry $N$-methylmorpholine ( $0.475 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.33 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF (20 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ with mesyl chloride ( $0.112 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.45 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 h followed by reaction with 1-methylpiperazine $(3.2 \mathrm{~mL}, 28.9 \mathrm{mmol})$ at $52^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with 4-8\% $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing) crude 67 ( $171 \mathrm{mg},<98 \%$ ) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.88$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.13 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.36 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.66 ( s , $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 7.30(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.70\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 3.86$ (t, $J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.5-2.0(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 8$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.15\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 2.10(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.48$ (pentet, $J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.33$ (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.24 (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ) ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.29$ $(\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 161.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime} 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 154.26,153.04,151.57(3 \mathrm{~s}$, CONH, C-2,7), 151.30 (d, C-5), 148.81 (s, C-8a), 137.02 (d, C-4), 136.54 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 127.04 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.59 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.48 (d, $\mathrm{C}-8$ ), 107.07 ( $\left.\mathrm{d}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 100.63$ (d, C-4'), $57.68\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, $55.46\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 54.67,52.61\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right)$, $50.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.87\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 45.66\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 28.67(\mathrm{q}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.64,25.84,24.10\left(3 \mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.97\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{48} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / z\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 606.3768$, found 606.3757 .
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$-[3-(diethylamino)propyl]acetamide (68). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of crude $44(163 \mathrm{mg}$ of ca. $70 \%, 0.231 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dry $N$-methylmorpholine ( $0.57 \mathrm{~mL}, 5.19 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( 20 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ with mesyl chloride ( $0.135 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.74 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 16 h followed by reaction with diethylamine $(7.1 \mathrm{~mL}, 68.8$ mmol ) at $50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 42 h and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $0.5 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing) an oil ( 41 mg ). Further chromatography of this material on silica gel (eluting with $0.25-0.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing) $68(26 \mathrm{mg}, 21 \%)$ as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta$ 9.88 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.14 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.67 (s, 1 H, H-8), 7.29 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.71(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.69\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 3.89(\mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.37(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.36\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right)$, 1.59 (pentet, $\left.J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $0.88\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.40(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, 161.23 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 154.27 , $153.07,151.60$ ( $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}$, C-2,7), 151.32 (d, C-5), 148.80 (s, C-8a), 137.03 (d, C-4), 136.57 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 127.07 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.61 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.54 (d, C-8), 107.09 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime} 2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 100.69\left(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 55.49\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 50.21$ (s, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 49.49\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 46.12\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 45.62(\mathrm{t}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $28.67\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.45\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 23.01\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 11.61 ( $\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{43} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ $\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 551.3346$, found 551.3361.
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$-[4-(diethylamino)butyl]acetamide (69). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of $45(456 \mathrm{mg}, 0.896 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dry $N$-methylmorpholine ( $1.50 \mathrm{~mL}, 13.7 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( 60 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ with mesyl chloride ( $0.35 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.52 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 17 h followed by reaction with diethylamine $(18 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.174 \mathrm{~mol})$ at $50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $1-2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \%$ $\left.\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}\right)$ gave (after base washing) $\mathbf{6 9}(0.39 \mathrm{~g}, 77 \%)$ as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [( $\left.\left.\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.89$ (br s, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}\right), 9.13$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.35 (s, 1 H, H-4), 7.65 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.30 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.70 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 3.88\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 6$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.36\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.28(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.46$ (pentet, $J=7.4$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.36$ (pentet, $J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.87\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR} \delta 169.32$
( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), $161.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 154.27,153.05,151.58(3 \mathrm{~s}$, CONH, C-2,7), 151.32 (d, C-5), 148.81 (s, C-8a), 137.02 (d, C-4), 136.55 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 127.06 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.61 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.51 (d, C-8), 107.08 (d, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 100.66 (d, C-4'), 55.47 (q, 2 C , $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 51.76\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 50.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.89\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, 46.15 (t, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 28.66$ ( $\left.\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.75,23.88$ (2 $\left.\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.98\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 11.67\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{45} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / z\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 565.3502$, found 565.3504 .
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-[5-(diethylamino)pentyl]acetamide (70). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of $46(151 \mathrm{mg}, 0.289 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dry $N$-methylmorpholine ( $0.475 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.33 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( 20 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ with mesyl chloride ( $0.112 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.45 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 h followed by reaction with diethylamine $(3.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 29.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 days and then with additional diethylamine (3.0 $\mathrm{mL}, 29.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $1-2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ EtOAc containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing) 70 (141 $\mathrm{mg}, 84 \%$ ) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.89$ (br s, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}\right)$, 9.13 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.66 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.30 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $6.70\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 3.86(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.36(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.25\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right)$, 1.48 (pentet, $\left.J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, 1.30 (pentet, $J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.24 (pentet, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.87\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.24$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), $161.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 154.28,153.02,151.54(3 \mathrm{~s}$, CONH, C-2,7), 151.28 (d, C-5), 148.78 (s, C-8a), 136.99 (d, C-4), 136.52 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 127.01 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.56 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.45 (d, C-8), 107.05 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.62 (d, C-4'), 55.44 (q, 2 C, $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 51.96\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 50.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.93\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, $46.15\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 28.63\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.59,26.17$, 24.07 ( $3 \mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $22.95\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 11.63\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{47} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 579.3659$, found 579.3646.
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-[4-(4-morpholino)butyl]acetamide (71). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of $45(152 \mathrm{mg}, 0.299 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dry $N$-methylmorpholine ( $0.50 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.55 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( 20 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ with mesyl chloride ( $0.116 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.50 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 16 h followed by reaction with morpholine ( $2.6 \mathrm{~mL}, 29.9 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $52{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 43 h and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $6-10 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ ) gave (after base washing) crude 71 ( $162 \mathrm{mg},<94 \%$ ) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.87(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 9.13(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 8.35(\mathrm{~s}, 1$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.67(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 7.30(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.70(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 3.89\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.50\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.26(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.20\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right)$, $1.46\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.30(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 161.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 154.21$, $153.03,151.54$ ( $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 151.28 (d, C-5), 148.80 (s, C-8a), 136.99 (d, C-4), 136.53 (s, C-1'), 127.03 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.57 (s, C-4a), 115.50 (d, C-8), 107.06 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 100.62$ (d, $\left.\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 66.08\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 57.76\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 55.45(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 53.20\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 50.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.79(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.64\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.62,23.06\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.96$ ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ) ; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{43} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 579.3295$, found 579.3289.
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-[5-(4-morpholino)pentyl]acetamide (72). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of $46(121 \mathrm{mg}, 0.231 \mathrm{mmol})$ and dry $N$-methylmorpholine ( $0.38 \mathrm{~mL}, 3.46 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( 10 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ with mesyl chloride ( $0.090 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.16 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 16 h followed by reaction with morpholine $(2.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 23.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ at $52{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 36 h and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $8-10 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ ) gave (after base washing) 72 ( $117 \mathrm{mg}, 85 \%$ ) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2^{-}}\right.$ $\mathrm{SO}] \delta 9.87(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 9.13(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 8.35(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-4), 7.65$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.30 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.69 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 3.87\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.82(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$,
$2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $3.51\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.25(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.17\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right)$, 1.49 (pentet, $\left.J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, 1.36 (pentet, $J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.26 (pentet, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.25$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 161.19 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), $154.26,153.03,151.53$ ( $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 151.28 (d, C-5), 148.79 (s, C-8a), 137.00 (d, C-4), 136.52 (s, C-1'), 127.03 (s, C-3), 118.56 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.44 (d, C-8), 107.05 (d, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 100.62 (d, C-4'), 66.09 (t, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 58.08\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 55.44$ $\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 53.26\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 50.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $46.86\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.64\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 27.60,25.47,24.00$ (3 $\mathrm{t}, 3 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $22.95\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$ ); HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{45} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}$ $\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 593.3452$, found 593.3490.
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-7-[[3-(4-meth-yl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (17). A stirred solution of $65(78 \mathrm{mg}, 0.135 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{MeOH}(22.5 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was treated with $\mathrm{NaOH}(0.815 \mathrm{~g}$, 20.4 mmol ) and water ( 2.5 mL , added dropwise). Then the mixture was stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 days. A solution of excess $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(2.02 \mathrm{~g}, 24.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ in ice/ water ( 150 mL ) was then added, and the mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(6 \times 70 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on neutral alumina. Elution with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $1 \% \mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ gave material that was treated with aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$. Crystallization of the resulting solid from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /$ hexane gave 17 ( $53 \mathrm{mg}, 73 \%$ ): mp $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ hexane) $137-139{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.23$ (br $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.69 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.03 (br s, 1 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.95$ (br t, $J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH} 2), 6.63(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 6.38 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 3.80 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 3.31 (m, 2 $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.6-2.1\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.38(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $2.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right.$ ), 1.72 (pentet, $J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.13(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}$, C-3',5'), 159.55 (s, C-7), 152.39, 152.04 ( 2 s , CONH, C-2), 151.39 (d, C-5), 149.36 (s, C-8a), 137.46 (d, C-4), 137.39 (s, C-1'), 121.01 (s, C-3), 113.13 (s, C-4a), 107.08 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.18 (d, C-4'), 94.57 (br d, C-8), 55.67 (t, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $55.40\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$, 54.76, $52.70\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 49.95\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 45.70$ ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}$ ), $39.80\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.68\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.96(\mathrm{t}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ). Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{41} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further base hydrolysis of the mother liquors, followed by chromatography of the resulting product on neutral alumina, as above, gave additional 17 ( $9 \mathrm{mg}, 12 \%$ ).
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[7-[[3-(diethylamino)propyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (18). Method A. Similar hydrolysis of $68(26 \mathrm{mg}, 47.3 \mu \mathrm{~mol})$ in $\mathrm{MeOH}(7.2 \mathrm{~mL})$ with $\mathrm{NaOH}(317 \mathrm{mg}, 7.93 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(0.8 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing) 18 ( $20 \mathrm{mg}, 83 \%$ ): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $138-140{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.22$ (br s, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}\right), 8.69$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.03 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.96 (br t, $J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 6.62 (m, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.37$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 3.80 $\left(\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.29\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.47(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $2.46\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 1.69$ (pentet, $J$ $\left.=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.95(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.12$ (s, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 159.56 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), 152.34, 152.01 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.39 (d, C-5), 149.41 (s, C-8a), 137.45 (d, C-4), 137.40 (s, C-1'), 120.99 (s, C-3), 113.12 (s, C-4a), 107.07 (d, 2 C, C-2', 6'), 100.18 (d, C-4'), 94.24 (br d, $\mathrm{C}-8), 55.39\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 50.17\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 49.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $46.34\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 39.89\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.65\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $26.32\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 11.67\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{40} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Method B. A solution of $\mathbf{1 3}(151 \mathrm{mg}, 0.346 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF ( 10 mL ) was treated with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}$ ( $90 \mathrm{mg}, 2.25 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Then the mixture was sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ (as above) and stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 min and then at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min . A solution of 3-diethylaminopropyl chloride ${ }^{53}$ ( $104 \mathrm{mg}, 0.696 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMF ( 1 mL ) was added (syringe), and the mixture was then stirred at $39^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 40 h . The resulting solution was cooled in ice, then treated with ice/aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$, and
extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(7 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-0.25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ EtOAc containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $0.25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing) an oil ( 100 mg ) (a mixture of 18 and 68 ). Similar hydrolysis of this oil in $\mathrm{MeOH}(27 \mathrm{~mL})$ with $\mathrm{NaOH}(1.06 \mathrm{~g}$, $26.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(3 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1.5 h and then at 20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 44 h and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.3-0.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \%$ $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) $\mathbf{1 8}(76 \mathrm{mg}$, $43 \%$ ). The mother liquors were further purified by chromatography on silica gel (eluting with $0.25-1 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) to give a mixture of 18 and 68 , which was subjected to base hydrolysis and workup as above. Then the product was filtered on neutral alumina (eluting with $1 \%$ $\mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ) to give additional $18(8 \mathrm{mg}, 5 \%)$.
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-7-[[4-(4-mor-pholino)butyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (19). Similar hydrolysis of crude $71(160 \mathrm{mg})$ in $\mathrm{MeOH}(45 \mathrm{~mL})$ with $\mathrm{NaOH}(1.90 \mathrm{~g}, 47.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water ( 5 mL ) at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4.5 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $3-3.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) 19 (46 $\mathrm{mg}, 29 \%$ overall from 45): mp ( $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O} /$ hexane) $74-77{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [(CD $\left.\left.{ }_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.23$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.69 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.02 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.94 (br t, $J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH} 2$ ), 6.63 (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 6.38 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 3.80 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $3.56\left(\mathrm{t}, J=4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 3.29(\mathrm{~m}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.33\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.29(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 1.59 (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.52 (pentet, $J=$ $\left.6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.11$ (s, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 159.55 (s, C-7), 152.37, 152.01 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.34 (d, C-5), 149.33 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 137.43 (d, C-4), 137.39 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1$ '), 121.01 (s, C-3), 113.08 (s, C-4a), 107.07 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.16 (d, C-4'), 94.54 (br d, C-8), 66.12 (t, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 57.96$ (t, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $55.38\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 53.27\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 49.92$ (s, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 41.13\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.65\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.65$, $23.48\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{40} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4} \cdot 0.5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
Further purification of the mother liquors by chromatography on neutral alumina (eluting with $0.25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave additional $19(62 \mathrm{mg}, 39 \%$ from 45$)$ as a foam.
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-7-[[4-(4-me-thylpiperazin-1-yl)butyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (20). Similar hydrolysis of crude $66(164 \mathrm{mg})$ in MeOH $(45 \mathrm{~mL})$ with $\mathrm{NaOH}(1.95 \mathrm{~g}, 48.8 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.75-2 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) 20 ( $110 \mathrm{mg}, 69 \%$ overall from 45): mp $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane) $148-150{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.23$ (br $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.69 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.03 (br s, 1 H , NH), 6.93 (br t, $J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $6.63(\mathrm{t}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), 6.62 (d, $\left.J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), $3.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.29\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{q}, ~ J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right)$, $2.6-2.0\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.28\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$ ), 2.13 (s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}$ ), 1.58 (pentet, $J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.51 (pentet, $\left.J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.16$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 159.58 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), 152.41, 152.10 ( 2 s , CONH, C-2), 151.41 (d, C-5), 149.39 (s, C-8a), 137.50 (d, C-4), 137.44 (s, C-1'), 121.05 (s, C-3), 113.14 (s, C-4a), 107.11 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.20 (d, C-4'), 94.69 (br d, C-8), 57.58 (t, NCH ${ }_{2}$ ), $55.43\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 54.73,52.64\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right)$, 49.99 (s, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 45.72\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 41.20\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.70(\mathrm{q}, 3$ $\left.\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.74,23.93\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{43} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[7-[[4-(diethylamino)butyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (23). Similar hydrolysis of $\mathbf{6 9}(130 \mathrm{mg}, 0.23 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{MeOH}(36$ $\mathrm{mL})$ with $\mathrm{NaOH}(1.46 \mathrm{~g}, 36.5 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(4 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.25-0.5 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $0.5-1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) $23(62 \mathrm{mg}, 52 \%): \mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $113-114{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.23$ (br s, 1 H ,

NH ), 8.69 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.02 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.94 (br t, $J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $6.63(\mathrm{t}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.62\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.37(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 3.80$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.28\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.44(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.39\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.58$ (pentet, $J$ $=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.48 (pentet, $J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.40 $\left(\mathrm{s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.94\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta$ 161.12 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime} 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 159.54 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), $152.32,152.00(2 \mathrm{~s}$, CONH, C-2), 151.36 (d, C-5), 149.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 137.43 (d, C-4), 137.40 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 120.96 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.08 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 107.06 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.16 (d, C-4'), 94.45 (br d, C-8), 55.38 (q, 2 C, $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 51.99\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 49.92\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.17$ (t, 2 C , $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 41.15\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.64\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.79,24.26$ $\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 11.65\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further base hydrolysis of the mother liquors followed by chromatography of the resulting product on neutral alumina (eluting with $1 \% \mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ) and crystallization gave additional 23 ( $27 \mathrm{mg}, 22 \%$ ).
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $\boldsymbol{N}^{\prime}$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-7-[[5-(4-mor-pholino)pentyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (24). Similar hydrolysis of $72(133 \mathrm{mg}, 0.225 \mathrm{mmol})$ in MeOH ( 36 $\mathrm{mL})$ with $\mathrm{NaOH}(1.48 \mathrm{~g}, 37.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(4 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 days and chromatography of the resulting product on neutral alumina (eluting with $1 \%$ $\left.\mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$ gave (after crystallization) $24(92 \mathrm{mg}, 74 \%): \mathrm{mp}$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane) $116-119.5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.24$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.69 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.03 (br $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.90\left(\mathrm{brt}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 6.62(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 3.81\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.55(\mathrm{t}, J=$ $\left.4.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 3.28\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.31(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.25\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.59$ (pentet, $J=$ $7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.46 (pentet, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.40 (s, $\left.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.37\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.12(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}$, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 159.56 ( s, C-7), 152.37, 152.03 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.34 (d, C-5), 149.33 (s, C-8a), 137.44 (d, C-4), 137.40 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 121.00 (s, C-3), 113.08 (s, C-4a), 107.08 (d, 2 C, C-2', 6'), 100.16 (d, $\left.\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}\right), 94.54$ (br d, C-8), $66.13\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{O}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 58.25\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, 55.39 ( $\left.\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 53.33\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 49.93$ ( s , $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 41.12\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.68\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.65(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.70,24.41\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further purification of the mother liquors by chromatography on silica gel (eluting with $2-2.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave (after base washing) additional 24 ( $11 \mathrm{mg}, 9 \%$ ).
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-7-[[5-(4-me-thylpiperazin-1-yl)pentyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (25). Similar hydrolysis of crude 67 ( 170 mg ) in MeOH $(45 \mathrm{~mL})$ with $\mathrm{NaOH}(1.95 \mathrm{~g}, 48.8 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 days and chromatography of the resulting product on neutral alumina (eluting with $1 \%$ $\mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) $\mathbf{2 5}$ ( $97 \mathrm{mg}, 60 \%$ from alcohol 46): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane) $128-130$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.25$ (br s, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}\right), 8.69$ (s, 1 H , H-5), 7.98 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.03 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.90 (br t, $J=$ $5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $6.63\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.62(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 3.80(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 3.28 (br td, $J=6.6,5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $2.6-2.0$ (br s, $\left.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.24\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 2.12(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}$ ), 1.58 (pentet, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.45 (pentet, $\left.J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.35(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ) ; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.11$ (s, $2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 159.56 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), 152.36, 152.02 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.34 (d, C-5), 149.32 (s, C-8a), 137.44 (d, C-4), 137.40 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 120.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.07 (s, C-4a), 107.07 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.16 (d, C-4'), 94.54 (br d, C-8), 57.81 $\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 55.39\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 54.69,52.66(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 49.92\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 45.68\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 41.12\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, $28.68\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.65\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.09,24.46\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{45} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further base hydrolysis of the mother liquors followed by chromatography of the resulting product on neutral alumina (as above) and crystallization gave additional 25 ( $18 \mathrm{mg}, 11 \%$ from 46).
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[7-[[5-(diethylamino)pentyl]amino]3 -(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (26). Similar hydrolysis of 70 ( $137 \mathrm{mg}, 0.237 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in MeOH (45
$\mathrm{mL})$ with $\mathrm{NaOH}(1.83 \mathrm{~g}, 45.8 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $0.5 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) $\mathbf{2 6}$ ( $76 \mathrm{mg}, 60 \%$ ): mp (diisopropyl ether/hexane) $91-93.5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.25$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.69 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.03 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.89 (br $\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH} 2), 6.63\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right)$, 6.62 (d, $\left.J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 3.81 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6$ $\mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 3.28 (br td, $J=6.7,6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 2.42 (q, $\left.J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.34\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, 1.59 (pentet, $\left.J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $1.35\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.92\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}$ $\delta 161.12$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 159.56 (s, C-7), 152.36, 152.03 ( 2 s , CONH, C-2), 151.34 (d, C-5), 149.33 (s, C-8a), 137.43 (d, C-4), 137.40 (s, C-1'), 120.98 (s, C-3), 113.07 (s, C-4a), 107.07 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.17 (d, C-4'), 94.47 (br d, C-8), 55.39 (q, 2 C, $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 52.14\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 49.92\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.21(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 41.21\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.71\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.64(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.44,24.51\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 11.67\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further purification of the mother liquors by chromatography on neutral alumina (eluting with $1 \% \mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ) gave additional 26 ( $24 \mathrm{mg}, 19 \%$ ).

3-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)- $N^{7}$-[3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-propyl]-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamine (15). A stirred solution of $65(217 \mathrm{mg}, 0.376 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{MeOH}(54 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with $\mathrm{NaOH}(2.40 \mathrm{~g}, 60.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(6 \mathrm{~mL})$, and the mixture was then sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and stirred at $49^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 17 h . The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure (to ca. 5 mL ), then treated with a solution of excess $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(6.0 \mathrm{~g}, 71.4 \mathrm{mmol})$ in water $(150 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(7 \times 70 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue (mostly 17) was then dissolved in dioxane ( 27 mL ), treated with NaOH ( $2.39 \mathrm{~g}, 59.8$ mmol ), and water ( 3 mL ) and then sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and stirred at $98{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 days. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure (to ca. 3 mL ), then treated with excess aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(150 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(7 \times$ 70 mL ) and EtOAc $(2 \times 70 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $3-5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing and crystallization from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ hexane) $\mathbf{1 5}^{42}(144 \mathrm{mg}$, $88 \%$ ). Further purification of the mother liquors by chromatography on silica gel (as above) gave (after base washing) additional 15 ( $5 \mathrm{mg}, 3 \%$ ).
$\boldsymbol{N}^{7}$-[4-(Diethylamino)butyl]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamine (21). Similar hydrolysis of $69(287 \mathrm{mg}, 0.509 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dioxane $(45 \mathrm{~mL})$ with $\mathrm{NaOH}(4.01$ $\mathrm{g}, 100 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and water ( 5 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $98^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 6 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $4-7 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) 21 ( $148 \mathrm{mg}, 69 \%$ ): mp $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane $) 120-122.5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 8.45$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.67$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 6.59\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right)$, 6.52 (t, $J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), $6.45(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 6.28 (br s, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ), 6.18 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 3.79 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 3.21 (br td, $J=6.5,6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 2.43 (q, $J$ $\left.=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.37\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.56$ (pentet, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.46 (pentet, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $0.94\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 160.64(\mathrm{~s}, 2$ C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), $159.08,158.15$ ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 152.65 (s, C-8a), 150.33 (d, C-5), 139.55 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 135.78 (d, C-4), 120.61 (s, C-3), 113.18 (s, C-4a), 106.49 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 99.68 (d, C-4'), 93.71 (d, C-8), $55.17\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 52.06\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 46.16\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right)$, $41.49\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 26.84,24.35\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 11.68\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further purification of the mother liquors by chromatography on alumina (eluting with $1-1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave additional 21 ( $26 \mathrm{mg}, 12 \%$ ).
$N$-[3-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)-7-[[3-(4-methyl-1-piper-azinyl)propyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]- $N^{\prime}$-ethy-
lurea (16). A solution of $15(106 \mathrm{mg}, 0.243 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMSO ( 5 mL ) was treated with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(14 \mathrm{mg}, 0.35 \mathrm{mmol})$. Then the mixture was sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ (as above) and stirred at $40-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 20 min . A solution of ethyl isocyanate ( $23 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.291 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMSO ( 1 mL , then $2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mL}$ to rinse) was added (dropwise via syringe). Then the mixture was stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day. The resulting mixture was cooled in ice, then treated with ice/aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$, adjusted to pH 10 with aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$, and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(8 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-4 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $6-9 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing) a crude oil ( 95 mg ), which was further chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing and two recrystallizations from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /$ hexane) $\mathbf{1 6}$ ( 45 mg , $37 \%)$ : mp $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane $) 170-171{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right]$ $\delta 9.91$ (br t, $J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CONHCH} 2), 8.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5)$, 7.99 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.20 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.87 (br t, $J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH} 2), 6.63\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.53(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 3.80$ $\left(\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.6-2.1$ (br s, 8 H , $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.38\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 2.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right)$, 1.74 (pentet, $\left.J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.19(\mathrm{t}, ~ J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ) ${ }^{13}{ }^{3} \mathrm{CNMR} \delta 161.10\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 159.57$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), 153.38, 152.19 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.35 (d, C-5), 149.72 (s, C-8a), 137.51 ( $\mathrm{s}+\mathrm{d}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4,1^{\prime}$ ), 120.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.26 (s, C-4a), 107.05 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.15 (d, C-4'), 94.46 (br d, C-8), 55.62 $\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 55.38\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 54.73,52.71(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 45.68\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 39.93\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 34.10(\mathrm{t}$, CONHCH 2 ), $25.91\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 15.14\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)$ C, H, N.

Further purification of the mother liquors by preparative reversed-phase C-18 $\mathrm{HPLC}\left(47.5 \% \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN} /\right.$ aqueous $\mathrm{HCO}_{2} \mathrm{NH}_{4}$ buffer, pH 3.45 ) gave two fractions, which were each basified (to pH 10 ) with aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$, concentrated under reduced pressure (to remove $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ ), and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2}-$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}(4 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$ to give firstly additional $16(12 \mathrm{mg}, 10 \%)$ and secondly (2Z)-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)- $N$-ethyl-2-[[( $Z$ )-(ethy-lamino)(oxo)methyl]imino]-7-[[3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)pro-pyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridine-1 $(2 H)$-carboxamide (78) (10 mg, $7 \%$ ) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 14.12,9.78(2 \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 1$ $\mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CONHCH} 2$ ), 8.58 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.04 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.28 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $6.65\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.57$ (br $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 6.55\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 3.78$ (m, 2 H , $\left.\mathrm{CONHCH}_{2}\right), 3.77\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.30\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.80$ (br s, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CONHCH} 2), 2.6-2.0\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.35(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 2.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 1.72$ (pentet, $J=$ $6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $1.03\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.72$ (br s, 3 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ) ; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 162.53$ (br s, CONH), 160.22 (s, 2 C , C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 159.88 (br s, C-7), 156.82 (br s, C-2), 154.20 (br s, CONH), 150.99 (d, C-5), 141.74 (br s, C-8a), 139.03 (d + s, C-4, 1'), 126.82 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 110.44 (br s, C-4a), 107.38 (d, 2 C , C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 99.32 (d, C-4'), 87.69 (br d, C-8), $55.40\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 55.17$ $\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 54.70,52.66\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 45.63$ ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}$ ), 39.65 ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $38.80\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CONHCH}_{2}\right), 34.06$ (br $\left.\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CONHCH} \mathrm{C}_{2}\right), 25.82\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 14.93,14.15\left(2 \mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{43} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~m} / z\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 579.3407$, found 579.3399.
$N$-[7-[[4-(Diethylamino)butyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethox-yphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]- $N^{\prime}$-ethylurea (22). Similar reaction of $\mathbf{2 1}(103 \mathrm{mg}, 0.243 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMSO $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(14 \mathrm{mg}, 0.35 \mathrm{mmol})$ under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $40-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min , and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min , followed by reaction with a solution of ethyl isocyanate ( $23 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.291 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMSO ( 1 mL , then $2 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) at $20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.5-0.75 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $0.5 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and two recrystallizations from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /$ hexane) 22 ( $93 \mathrm{mg}, 77 \%$ ): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $145-146.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.94(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CONHCH} 2)$, 8.69 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.99 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.22 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.86
(br t, $J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $6.62\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.54$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 3.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.30\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right)$, $2.44\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.39(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 1.60 (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.49 (pentet, $J=$ $\left.7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.19\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.94(\mathrm{t}, ~ J=$ 7.1 Hz, $6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 159.63$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), $153.50,152.24(2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2), 151.41$ (d, C-5), 149.77 (s, C-8a), 137.57 ( $\mathrm{s}+\mathrm{d}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-4,1^{\prime}$ ), 120.98 (s, C-3), 113.29 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 107.10 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 100.19$ (d, C-4'), 94.50 (br d, C-8), $55.43\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 52.04\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 46.20(\mathrm{t}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 41.47\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 34.17\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CONHCH}_{2}\right), 26.77$, $24.28\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 15.16\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 11.67\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{38} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}$, N.
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-7-[(3-hydrox-ypropyl)aminol-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (75). A solution of $13(273 \mathrm{mg}, 0.625 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(117 \mathrm{mg}, 2.93 \mathrm{mmol})$. Then the mixture was sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ (as above) and stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min and then at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1.5 h . A solution of 3 -iodopropyl benzoate ${ }^{54}(246 \mathrm{mg}, 0.848 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF ( 1 mL , then 1 mL to rinse) was added (syringe), and the mixture was foilcovered and stirred at $0-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day. The resulting solution was cooled in ice, then treated with ice/aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(100$ $\mathrm{mL})$, and extracted with EtOAc ( $5 \times 150 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-0.6 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2^{-}}$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $0.6 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 3-[[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]amino] propyl benzoate (74) (23 mg, 7\%): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $165-167{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.20(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.98$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.98$ (dt, $\left.J=7.0,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.66$ (tt, $J$ $\left.=7.5,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.53\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}\right)$, 7.03 (br t, $J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH} 2$ ), 7.02 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.63 ( $\mathrm{t}, J=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), $6.62\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right)$, 6.43 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 4.39 (t, $J=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), 3.80 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6$ $\mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $3.49\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{td}, J=6.4,5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.05$ (pentet, $\left.J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.38\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 165.70(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 161.11$ ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 159.43$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), $152.39,151.98$ ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.32 (d, C-5), 149.29 (s, C-8a), 137.42 (d, C-4), 137.36 (s, C-1'), 133.16 (d, C-4"), 129.76 (s, C-1"), 129.03, 128.63 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$ ), 121.20 (s, C-3), 113.20 (s, C-4a), 107.07 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.20 (d, $\mathrm{C}-4^{\prime}$ ), 95.06 (br d, C-8), $62.71\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.39\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$, $49.90\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 37.99\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.62\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, 28.07 ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ). Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $0.6-1 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave (after crystallization twice) recovered 13 ( $87 \mathrm{mg}, 32 \%$ ).

Further elution with $1.4-1.6 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave (after crystallization) the desired 75 ( $92 \mathrm{mg}, 33 \%$ ): mp ( $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O} /$ hexane) $133-138{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.22(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.69$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.02 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.85 (br $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} H \mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ), 6.62 (s, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.41$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 4.50 (br t, $\left.J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.80(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.52\left(\mathrm{td}, J=6.0,5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.33(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 1.74 (pentet, $J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.40 ( $\mathrm{s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.11$ (s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 159.60$ (s, C-7), 152.37, 152.02 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.32 (d, C-5), 149.38 ( s , C-8a), 137.42 (d, C-4), 137.39 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 121.03 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.11 (s, C-4a), 107.08 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 100.18 (d, C-4'), 94.45 (br d, $\mathrm{C}-8), 58.53\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.39\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.93\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $38.35\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 32.05\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.65\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further purification of the mother liquors by chromatography on silica gel (eluting with $1.25-1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave (after crystallization) additional 75 ( $21 \mathrm{mg}, 7 \%$ ).
$\boldsymbol{N}$-(tert-Butyl)- $\boldsymbol{N}^{\prime}$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-7-[(4-hydrox-ybutyl)amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (76). A solution of $42(236 \mathrm{mg}, 0.424 \mathrm{mmol})$ in absolute $\mathrm{EtOH}(190 \mathrm{~mL})$ was hydrogenated over $5 \% \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(566 \mathrm{mg})$ at 60 psi and $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 48 h . The resulting solution was Celite filtered, washing with $25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. Then the Celite and catalyst were further extracted by stirring in refluxing $25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ for 10 min and then refiltering and washing as before. The
filtrates were then combined, the solvents were removed, and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-0.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $0.5-0.75 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave recovered $42(176 \mathrm{mg}$, $75 \%$ ). Elution with $1-1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave minor impurities. Then elution with $1.5-2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave a crude oil ( $32 \mathrm{mg},<16 \%$ ), which was combined with similar material from subsequent repeat runs and crystallized to give 76 (42 $\mathrm{mg}, 21 \%$ overall): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane) $156-157.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.24(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.98$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.02$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.90$ (br t, $J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 6.62\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.39(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.43$ (br $\left.\mathrm{t}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.44(\mathrm{td}, J$ $\left.=6.2,5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.29(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{q}, ~ J=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 1.61 (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.52 (pentet, $J$ $\left.=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR} \delta 161.14$ (s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 159.59(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-7), 152.39,152.06$ (2 s, CONH, C-2), 151.37 (d, C-5), 149.36 (s, C-8a), 137.46 (d, C-4), 137.42 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 121.03 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.10 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 107.10 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right)$, 100.20 (d, C-4'), 94.65 (br d, C-8), $60.50\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 55.42$ (q, 2 $\left.\mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.96\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 41.15\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 30.04\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, 28.67 (q, $\left.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.46\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4} \cdot\right.$ $\left.0.5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[3-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-7-[(5-hydrox-ypentyl)amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (77). A stirred solution of $46(92 \mathrm{mg}, 0.176 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{MeOH}(27 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was treated with $\mathrm{NaOH}(1.04 \mathrm{~g}, 26.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(3 \mathrm{~mL}$, added dropwise). Then the mixture was stirred at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 7 days. A solution of excess $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ in ice/water ( 100 mL ) was then added, and the mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(4 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1.4 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $77(77 \mathrm{mg}, 84 \%): \mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane $) 151-153$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.24(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, H-5), 7.98 ( s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.02 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.91 (br t, $J=$ $\left.5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 6.63\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.62(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.J=1.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.38(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.36(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=5.1$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.80\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.40(\mathrm{td}, J=6.3,5.3$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ), 3.28 (br td, $J=7.1,5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 1.58 (pentet, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.47 (pentet, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.38\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 161.11$ (s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 159.56$ (s, C-7), $152.37,152.02(2 \mathrm{~s}$, CONH, C-2), 151.34 (d, C-5), 149.32 (s, C-8a), 137.43 (d, C-4), 137.40 (s, C-1'), 120.99 (s, C-3), 113.06 (s, C-4a), 107.08 (d, 2 $\left.\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 100.17$ (d, C-4'), 94.53 (br d, C-8), $60.59\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right)$, $55.39\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 49.92\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 41.22\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 32.26$ ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $28.65\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.64\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 23.08\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$\boldsymbol{N}$-(7-Amino-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl)- $\boldsymbol{N}^{\prime}$-tert-butylurea (80). A solution of 3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7diamine ${ }^{42}(1.50 \mathrm{~g}, 6.36 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF $(25 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}$ ( $0.32 \mathrm{~g}, 8.03 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Then the mixture was sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ (as above) and stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 20 min and then at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h . tert-Butyl isocyanate $(0.907 \mathrm{~mL}, 7.95$ mmol ) was added (dropwise via syringe), and then the mixture was stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day. The resulting mixture was cooled in ice, then treated with ice/aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(170 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with EtOAc $(10 \times 150 \mathrm{~mL})$. The extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $25 \% \mathrm{EtOAc} / l i g h t$ petroleum gave firstly $N$-(tert-butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[7-(3-tert-butylureido)-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (81) (56 mg, 2\%): mp $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $216{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{dec} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.11,9.05$ (2 br s, $2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.88 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.16 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.83 (s, 1 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 7.60\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.55(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, H-2', 4', $6^{\prime}$ ), $7.29,7.07$ ( $2 \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{NH}$ ), $1.41,1.34$ ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, 2$ $\left.\times 9 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 153.46,153.08,152.94,151.77$ ( $4 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 150.41 (d, C-5), 149.09 (s, C-8a), 137.50 (d, C-4), $135.05\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 129.47,129.09(2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 128.86$ (d, C-4'), 124.27 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 115.89 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 102.06 (d, C-8), $50.05,49.52\left(2 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 28.88,28.64(2 \mathrm{q}$,
$\left.2 \times 3 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;$ HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right)$ 435.2509, found 435.2496.

Further elution with 33-50\% EtOAc/light petroleum gave $\mathbf{8 0}^{41}$ (1.89 g, 88\%).
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]acetamide (82). A solution of 80 (1.88 $\mathrm{g}, 5.61 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in pyridine ( 45 mL ) was treated (dropwise) with $\mathrm{Ac}_{2} \mathrm{O}(5.3 \mathrm{~mL}, 56.2 \mathrm{mmol})$, and the mixture was then stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 h . The resulting solution was cooled in ice and then added slowly to a stirred mixture of ice and aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$, keeping the pH at 8 with excess $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$. The resulting suspension was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5 \times 200 \mathrm{~mL})$. Then the combined extracts were evaporated to dryness and the residue was crystallized directly (from warm $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ /light petroleum) to give 82 (1.94 g, $92 \%$ ): mp $194.5-196{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{dec} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.75,10.14(2 \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{NH}), 8.98$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), $8.34,8.22(2 \mathrm{~s}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4,8), 7.61(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.2$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.56$ (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 7.12 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $2.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.41$ (s, CONH), 152.95, 151.73, 151.45 (3 s, CONH, C-2,7), 150.66 (d, C-5), 148.95 (s, C-8a), 137.31 (d, C-4), 134.93 (s, C-1'), 129.48, 129.06 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 128.95 (d, C-4'), 125.19 (s, C-3), 117.09 (s, C-4a), 105.09 (d, C-8), 50.05 (s, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 28.55\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 23.92\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-[3-(Benzyloxy)propyl]-N-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)car-bonyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]acetamide (85). A solution of $82(1.05 \mathrm{~g}, 2.79 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}$ ( $489 \mathrm{mg}, 12.2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Then the mixture was sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min and then at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h . A solution of benzyl 3-iodopropyl ether ${ }^{43}(1.00 \mathrm{~g}, 3.62 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF ( 5 mL , then $2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL}$ to rinse) was then added (syringe), and the mixture was foilcovered and stirred at $0-20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2.5 days. The resulting solution was cooled in ice, then treated with ice/aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(300 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with EtOAc $(5 \times 200 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-0.4 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $0.5-0.75 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ yielded crude material which, upon crystallization twice from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ /hexane, gave $N$ - [7-[[3-(benzyloxy)propyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]- $N^{\prime}$ -tert-butylurea (83) ( $151 \mathrm{mg}, 11 \%$ ): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane $) 149-$ $150.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.24(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.71(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.98$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.58 (t, $\left.J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right)$, 7.51 (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 7.31 (m, $\left.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 6.92$ (br t, $J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $6.92(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.41(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.48\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.56(\mathrm{t}, J=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), $3.38\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 1.87$ (pentet, $J=6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 159.53$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), 152.52, 152.03 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.40 (d, C-5), 149.38 (s, C-8a), 138.58 (s, C-1"), 137.77 (d, C-4), 135.50 (s, C-1'), 129.44, 129.11 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 128.54 (d, C-4'), 128.16, 127.34 (2 d, $\left.2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.28$ (d, C-4"), 121.23 (s, C-3), 113.34 (s, C-4a), 94.65 (br d, C-8), $71.87\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 67.52(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 49.95\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 38.52\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 29.07\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.64$ (q, $\left.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $0.75-0.8 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave crude recovered $82(0.23 \mathrm{~g})$. Then further elution with $0.8-1 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 85 ( $918 \mathrm{mg}, 63 \%$ ): mp (EtOAc/hexane) $62-66{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.88(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 9.13(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 8.33(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 7.63$ (tt, $J=$ $\left.7.0,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.58\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 7.26$ ( $\mathrm{m}, 6$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 4.35\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.96$ (t, J= $\left.7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.46\left(\mathrm{t}, ~ J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 1.99(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.80$ (pentet, $\left.J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.41(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.50(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 154.37,153.15,151.60$ (3 s, CONH, C-2,7), 151.33 (d, C-5), 148.85 (s, C-8a), 138.39 (s, C-1"), 137.34 (d, C-4), 134.76 (s, C-1'), 129.58 (d, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 129.20 (d, C-4'), 129.02 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), $128.08,127.23$ ( 2 d, 2 $\left.\times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.21\left(\mathrm{~d}+\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3,4^{\prime \prime}\right), 118.79$ (s, C-4a), $115.59(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-8), 71.73\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 67.10\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 50.21(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 44.83\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.67\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 28.16$ (t, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $22.97\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{31} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-[4-(Benzyloxy)butyl]-N-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbo-nyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]acetamide (86). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of $82(0.99 \mathrm{~g}, 2.63 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF ( 50 mL ) with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(468 \mathrm{mg}, 11.7 \mathrm{mmol})$ under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min and then at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h followed by reaction with benzyl 4-iodobutyl ether ${ }^{44}(1.00 \mathrm{~g}, 3.45 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF ( 5 mL , then $2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) at $0-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2.5 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.4-0.6 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave (after crystallization from $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O} /$ hexane, then twice from $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /$ hexane) $N$-[7-[[4-(benzyloxy)butyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]-$N^{\prime}$-tert-butylurea (84) ( $53 \mathrm{mg}, 4 \%$ ): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane) 107 $108.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [(CD $\left.\left.\mathrm{C}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.24(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.70$ ( s , $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.97 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.58 (t, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 7.51 (m, 3 H, H-2', $4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 7.29 (m, 5 H, H-2", $\left.3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 6.93$ (br t, $J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 6.91 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.40 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 4.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.48(\mathrm{t}, J=5.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 1.65\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.39(\mathrm{~s}, 9$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 159.58$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), $152.53,152.09$ ( 2 s , CONH, C-2), 151.42 (d, C-5), 149.39 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 138.66 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime \prime}$ ), 137.80 (d, C-4), 135.53 (s, C-1'), 129.48, 129.13 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}$, C-2', $\left.3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 128.56$ (d, C-4'), 128.18, 127.34 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2$ C, C-2", $\left.3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.28$ (d, C-4"), 121.20 (s, C-3), 113.32 (s, C-4a), 94.72 (br d, C-8), 71.76 (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 69.44 (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), 49.99 ( s , $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 41.06\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.66\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.82,25.67$ $\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution with $0.6-0.75 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave crude recovered $82(0.15 \mathrm{~g})$, and then further elution with $0.75-2 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 86 ( $1.06 \mathrm{~g}, 75 \%$ ): foam; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2}-\right.$ SO] $\delta 9.88$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.14 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-4), 7.69$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.63 (tt, $J=7.0,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 7.58 (m, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 7.25$ (m, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right)$, $4.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 3.90\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.39(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), $1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.55\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40(\mathrm{~s}, 9$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.29$ (s, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 154.19, 153.14, 151.53 ( 3 s , CONH, C-2,7), 151.33 (d, C-5), 148.80 (s, C-8a), 138.52 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime \prime}$ ), 137.32 (d, C-4), 134.73 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1$ '), 129.52 (d, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 129.14 (d, C-4'), 128.98 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 128.05 , 127.19 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}$ ), 127.16 (d + s, C-3, $4^{\prime \prime}$ ), 118.74 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.58 (d, C-8), 71.62 (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 69.14 (t, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), $50.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.77$ ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 28.61 ( $\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.39,24.60\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.94\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Debenzylation of 86. A. By Hydrogenation. A solution of $86(25.6 \mathrm{mg}, 47.5 \mu \mathrm{~mol})$ in absolute $\mathrm{EtOH}(20 \mathrm{~mL})$ was hydrogenated over $5 \% \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}(30 \mathrm{mg})$ at 60 psi and $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 48 h. The resulting solution was Celite filtered, washing with $25 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$. Then the Celite and catalyst were further extracted by stirring in refluxing $25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ for 10 min and then refiltering and washing as before. The filtrates were then combined, the solvents were removed, and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $1.25 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave recovered $86(2.2 \mathrm{mg}, 9 \%)$. Elution with $1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $N$-[4-(benzyloxy)butyl]- $N$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]aminol-3-phenyl-3,4-dihydro-1,6-naph-thyridin-7-yl] acetamide (89) ( $10 \mathrm{mg}, 39 \%$ ): mp (EtOAc/hexane) $106-108{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.93$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.82 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.08 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), $7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 8 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}, 2^{\prime \prime}, 3^{\prime \prime}, 4^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 7.04$ (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}, 8$ ), 4.39 ( $\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}$ ), 4.07 (br d, $J=6.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3$ ), $3.72(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 3.35 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}$ ), $3.28(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 3.00 (br d, $J$ $=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 1.87\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.48\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $1.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.02$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 163.21 ( s , C-2), 155.03 (s, C-7), 152.36 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{CONH}$ ), 151.68 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 147.28 (d, C-5), 138.55 (s, C-1"), 138.10 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 128.53 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right)$, 128.10, 127.26 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2$ C, C-2", $\left.3^{\prime \prime}, 5^{\prime \prime}, 6^{\prime \prime}\right), 127.19$ (d, C-4"), 127.14 (d, C-4'), 126.82 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 118.62 (s, C-4a), 115.07 (d, C-8), $71.65\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{Ph}\right), 69.13\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 49.95\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $46.47\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 39.68(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{C}-3), 28.53\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 28.22$ (t, C-4), 26.39, 24.65 ( $2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 22.71 ( $\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{39} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further elution of the column with $1.75 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave a mixture, and then elution with $2-2.3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$
gave crude $N$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- N -(4-hydroxybutyl)acetamide (88) (2.4 $\mathrm{mg}, 11 \%$ ) as an oil (see below).

Further elution of the column with $2.5-3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave a minor component, and then further elution with $3 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave crude $N$-[2-[[(tert-butylamino)carbonyl]-amino]-3-phenyl-3,4-dihydro-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-(4-hydroxybutyl)acetamide (90) ( $5 \mathrm{mg}, 23 \%$ ) as an oil: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR [ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.92(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 9.81(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.09$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.25\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.20(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), 7.05 (d, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 7.03 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), $4.34\left(\mathrm{brt}, J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 4.07(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3), 3.71\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.33\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.25$ (br dd, $J=16.4,6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 2.99(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-4), 1.87$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), $1.41\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right.$ ), 1.37 ( $\mathrm{s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.35\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right) 452.2662$, found 452.2664 .
B. By Reaction with $\mathrm{BF}_{3} \cdot \mathbf{E t}_{2} \mathbf{O} / \mathbf{E t S H}$. A solution of $\mathbf{8 6}$ $(10.5 \mathrm{mg}, 19.5 \mu \mathrm{~mol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with EtSH $(85 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 1.15 \mathrm{mmol})$, followed by $\mathrm{BF}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}(20 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.158 \mathrm{mmol})$. Then the mixture was stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 days. A solution of aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3} / \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ was then added, and the mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(4 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1.75 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $2-2.5 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave crude $88(5.3 \mathrm{mg}, 61 \%)$ as an oil (see below).

Further elution with $3-5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave N -[2-[(ami-nocarbonyl)amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$-(4-hydroxybutyl)acetamide (91) ( $3.0 \mathrm{mg}, 39 \%$ ): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $165-167{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.14$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 9.12 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.91 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.63 ( $\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}$ ), 7.58 ( $\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), $7.55,7.28$ $\left(2 \mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{NH}\right.$ ), 4.35 (br t, $J=5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ), $3.87\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.36\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 1.98(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}$ ), 1.48 (pentet, $J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.39 (pentet, $\left.J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.17(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}), 154.02$, 153.76, 152.87 ( $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 151.31 (d, C-5), 149.23 ( s, C-8a), 137.35 (d, C-4), 134.93 (s, C-1'), 129.52 (d, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 129.10 (d, C-4'), 129.01 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 127.14 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.85 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 116.14 (d, C-8), $60.30\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 46.71\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, $29.68\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 24.42\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.89\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. ( $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}$. $\left.0.25 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
C. By Reaction with $\mathbf{F e C l}_{3}$. A solution of $\mathbf{8 6}(6.1 \mathrm{mg}, 11.3$ $\mu \mathrm{mol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with a large excess (ca. 10 -fold) of anhydrous $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$. Then the mixture was stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h . A solution of aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3} / \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ was then added, and the mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ $(4 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave $88(1.6 \mathrm{mg}, 31 \%)$. Further elution with $3-5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 91 ( 3 mg , $67 \%$ ). Repeated reaction with a larger excess of $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$ gave $\mathbf{9 1}$ as the sole product ( $55 \%$ ).
D. By Reaction with DDQ. A solution of $86(617 \mathrm{mg}, 1.14$ $\mathrm{mmol})$ and $\operatorname{DDQ}(1.34 \mathrm{~g}, 5.89 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(120 \mathrm{~mL})$ was stirred in a sealed flask (foil-covered) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 days. The resulting solution was treated with a mixture of aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2}-$ $\mathrm{CO}_{3} /$ sodium sulfite ( 750 mL ) and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5 \times$ 300 mL ), sequentially washing each extract with (the same) additional solutions of aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3} / \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{3}(750 \mathrm{~mL})$, aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(750 \mathrm{~mL})$, and water $(2 \times 750 \mathrm{~mL})$. The aqueous portions were further extracted after $18 \mathrm{~h}(3 \times 300$ $\mathrm{mL})$. Then the combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-1.2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $1.2-1.4 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave recovered $86(32 \mathrm{mg}, 5 \%)$. Elution with $1.6-1.8 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave minor impurities. Then elution with $2-5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 88 ( $435 \mathrm{mg}, 85 \%$ ): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane $) 157-159{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.88(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 9.14(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 8.35(\mathrm{~s}, 1$ H, H-4), 7.67 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 7.63 (t, $\left.J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right)$,
7.58 (m, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 7.21$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 4.35 (br t, $J=$ $\left.5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.88\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.36$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.31$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), $154.23,153.18,151.57$ (3 s, CONH, C-2,7), 151.34 (d, C-5), 148.82 ( s, C-8a), 137.34 (d, C-4), 134.75 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 129.54 (d, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 129.17 (d, C-4'), 129.02 (d, 2 C, C-2', $\left.6^{\prime}\right), 127.25$ (s, C-3), 118.76 (s, C-4a), 115.55 (d, C-8), $60.32\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 50.21$ (s, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.99\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 29.70\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.65(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 24.52\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.97\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right.$. $\left.\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)acetamide (87). Similar reaction of $85(869 \mathrm{mg}, 1.66 \mathrm{mmol})$ with DDQ $(1.91 \mathrm{~g}$, $8.41 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(175 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $20{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 days, then workup (as above) and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $1.2-1.4 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave firstly recovered 85 ( $49 \mathrm{mg}, 6 \%$ ). Elution with $1.5-2 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave 87 ( $429 \mathrm{mg}, 60 \%$ ): mp ( $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O} /$ hexane) $124-$ $127{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.88$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.14 (s, 1 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 8.35(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.70(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 7.63(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.1$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.58$ (m, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 7.22$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 4.43 (br t, $\left.J=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.92(\mathrm{t}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 3.41\left(\mathrm{q}, ~ J=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 1.99\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right)$, 1.65 (pentet, $\left.J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 169.78$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 154.37, $153.29,151.76$ (3 s, CONH, C-2,7), 151.46 (d, C-5), 148.95 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 137.45 (d, C-4), 134.80 (s, C-1'), 129.69 (d, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 129.33 (d, C-4'), 129.13 (d, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 127.39 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.89 (s, C-4a), 115.71 (d, C-8), $58.39\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 50.36\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 44.99\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 31.19(\mathrm{t}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $28.77\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 23.08\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3}\right)$ C, $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]-N-[3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]acetamide (94). A stirred solution of $87(355 \mathrm{mg}, 0.816 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF ( 50 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was treated with dry $N$-methylmorpholine ( $1.50 \mathrm{~mL}, 14.7 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), followed by mesyl chloride ( $0.32 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.13 \mathrm{mmol}$, added dropwise by syringe). Then the mixture was stirred at $0-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 12 h . 1-Methylpiperazine $(9.05 \mathrm{~mL}, 81.7 \mathrm{mmol})$ was then added, and the mixture was stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day and then at $30^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day. The resulting solution was cooled in ice, then treated with ice/aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}(150 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}(6 \times 80 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $3-5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing) an oil ( 410 mg ), which was further chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-7 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $7 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing) 94 ( $280 \mathrm{mg}, 66 \%$ ): oil; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 9.90$ (br s, 1 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 9.13(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 8.35(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-8), 7.63$ (t, $\left.J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.57\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right)$, 7.22 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $3.89\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$ ), 2.5-2.0 (br s, $\left.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.26\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 2.09(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 2.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.64$ (pentet, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR} \delta 169.39(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O})$, $154.28,153.13,151.56$ ( $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 151.21 (d, C-5), 148.76 (s, C-8a), 137.32 (d, C-4), 134.75 (s, C-1'), 129.53 (d, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 129.15 (d, C-4'), 129.01 (d, 2 C, C- $\left.2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 127.17$ ( s , $\mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.69 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.46 (d, C-8), $54.80\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 54.63$, $52.44\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 50.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 45.65(\mathrm{q}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 45.49\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.64\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.10\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $23.01\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;$ HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{40} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right)$ 518.3244 , found 518.3236 .
$N$-[2-[[(tert-Butylamino)carbonyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-7-yl]- $N$-[4-(diethylamino)butyl]acetamide (95). Similar reaction of a stirred solution of 88 (547 $\mathrm{mg}, 1.22 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and dry $N$-methylmorpholine $(2.05 \mathrm{~mL}, 18.7$ mmol ) in dry THF ( 70 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ with mesyl chloride ( 0.48 $\mathrm{mL}, 6.20 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 16 h , followed by reaction with diethylamine ( $25 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.242 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) at $50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting
with $1-2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $0.5 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing) 95 ( $512 \mathrm{mg}, 83 \%$ ): oil; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta$ 9.89 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 9.15 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 8.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.66 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), $7.63\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.58(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 7.22(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 3.89\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, $2.36\left(\mathrm{q}, ~ J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.28(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.98\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COCH}_{3}\right), 1.47$ (pentet, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $1.42\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.36$ (pentet, $J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $0.87\left(\mathrm{t}, ~ J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR} \delta 169.26(\mathrm{~s}$, $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), $154.24,153.14,151.54$ ( $3 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 151.32 (d, C-5), 148.78 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 137.32 (d, C-4), 134.72 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 129.52 (d, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 129.14 (d, C-4'), 128.99 (d, 2 C, C-2', $\left.6^{\prime}\right), 127.20$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 118.73 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 115.52 (d, C-8), $51.74\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 50.16$ (s, $\left.C\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.87\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 46.13\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 28.62(\mathrm{q}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.72,23.88\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 22.96\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 11.66$ (q, $2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); HRFABMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{41} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{z}\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}\right)$ 505.3291, found 505.3277.
$\boldsymbol{N}$-(tert-Butyl)- $\boldsymbol{N}^{\prime}$-[7-[[3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]-amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (28). A stirred solution of $\mathbf{9 4}(87 \mathrm{mg}, 0.168 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{MeOH}(27 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was treated with $\mathrm{NaOH}(0.95 \mathrm{~g}, 23.8 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(3 \mathrm{~mL}$, added dropwise). Then the mixture was stirred at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3.5 days. A solution of excess $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ $(2.15 \mathrm{~g}, 25.6 \mathrm{mmol})$ in ice/water $(150 \mathrm{~mL})$ was then added, and the mixture was extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(6 \times 70 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-0.5 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $0.75-2 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing and crystallization) 28 ( $54 \mathrm{mg}, 68 \%$ ): mp $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane) $137-138{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.24$ (br $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.70 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.98 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.58 (t, $J=$ $\left.7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.51\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.96$ (br t, $J=$ $5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 6.92 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.39 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), $3.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.6-2.1\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.38(\mathrm{t}$, $J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $2.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right.$ ), 1.72 (pentet, $J=$ $\left.6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 159.56(\mathrm{~s}$, C-7), 152.51, 152.04 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.42 (d, C-5), 149.38 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 137.78 (d, C-4), 135.51 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 129.45,129.11$ (2 d, $\left.2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 128.54$ (d, C-4'), 121.19 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.31 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), $94.55(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{C}-8), 55.69\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 54.77,52.70(2 \mathrm{t}$, $\left.2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 49.97\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 45.70\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 39.82$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.67\left(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.96\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O} \cdot 0.5 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Further base hydrolysis of the mother liquors followed by chromatography of the resulting product on neutral alumina (eluting with $1 \% \mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ) gave additional 28 ( 11 mg , 14\%).
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[7-[[4-(diethylamino)butyl]amino]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (31). Similar hydrolysis of 95 ( $148 \mathrm{mg}, 0.294 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in $\mathrm{MeOH}(45 \mathrm{~mL})$ with NaOH ( 1.85 $\mathrm{g}, 46.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h and then at 20 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $0.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \%$ $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) 31 (101 $\mathrm{mg}, 74 \%): \operatorname{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane $) 124-125{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2^{-}}\right.$ SO] $\delta 10.25(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.70(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.97$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-4), 7.58$ (t, $\left.J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.51$ ( $\left.\mathrm{m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right)$, 6.95 (br t, $J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH} 2), 6.92(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.38$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), $3.29\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.44(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.38\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.58$ (pentet, $J=$ $7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.48 (pentet, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $1.40(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.94\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR} \delta$ 159.61 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-7$ ), $152.53,152.10$ ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.45 (d, C-5), 149.42 (s, C-8a), 137.82 (d, C-4), 135.54 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 129.49, 129.14 ( $2 \mathrm{~d}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 128.57 (d, C-4'), 121.15 ( s , C-3), 113.30 (s, C-4a), 94.50 (br d, C-8), 52.03 (t, NCH $\mathrm{NC}_{2}$, 50.00 $\left(\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 46.21\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 41.28\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 28.68(\mathrm{q}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.84,24.29\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 11.69\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{38} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N^{7}$-[3-(4-Methyl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamine (27). A stirred solution of 94 $(220 \mathrm{mg}, 0.426 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{MeOH}(54 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with $\mathrm{NaOH}(2.37 \mathrm{~g}, 59.3 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water ( 6 mL ), and the mixture
was then sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and stirred at $52^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 18 h . The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure (to ca. 5 mL ), then treated with a solution of excess $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ $(6.0 \mathrm{~g}, 71.4 \mathrm{mmol})$ in water $(150 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2^{-}}$ $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}(6 \times 70 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue (mostly 28) was then dissolved in dioxane ( 27 mL ), treated with $\mathrm{NaOH}(2.39 \mathrm{~g}, 59.8 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water ( 3 mL ), and then sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and stirred at $96{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 days. The resulting mixture was concentrated under reduced pressure (to ca. 3 mL ), then treated with excess $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(150 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(7 \times 70 \mathrm{~mL})$ and EtOAc $(2 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-4 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \%$ $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $4-5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing and crystallization) $\mathbf{2 7}^{42}(120 \mathrm{mg}, 75 \%)$. Further purification of the mother liquors by chromatography on silica gel (eluting with $2.5-3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing) additional 27 ( $12 \mathrm{mg}, 8 \%$ ).
$\boldsymbol{N}^{7}$-[4-(Diethylamino)butyl]-3-phenyl-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamine (30). Similar hydrolysis of 95 ( $382 \mathrm{mg}, 0.758$ mmol ) in dioxane ( 63 mL ) with $\mathrm{NaOH}(5.60 \mathrm{~g}, 140 \mathrm{mmol})$ and water ( 7 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $97^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 7 days and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with 5-7\% $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) $30(180 \mathrm{mg}, 65 \%)$ : mp $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane) $119-120{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 8.46(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.65(\mathrm{~s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.48\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 7.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.45$ (br t, $J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 6.21 (br s, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ), 6.20 ( s , $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), 3.21 (br td, $J=6.6,6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 2.44 (q, $\left.J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.37\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, 1.56 (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.47 (pentet, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.94\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 159.11$, 158.31 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-2,7$ ), 152.66 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 150.38 (d, C-5), 137.65 (s, $\left.\mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}\right), 136.09$ (d, C-4), 128.93, 128.63 (2 d, $\left.2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right)$, 127.54 (d, C-4'), 120.74 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 113.42 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 93.78 (d, C-8), $52.08\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 46.19\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 41.52\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 26.87$, $24.35\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 11.68\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{29} \mathrm{~N}_{5}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}$, N.

Further purification of the mother liquors by chromatography on alumina (eluting with $0.75-1 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) gave additional 30 ( $41 \mathrm{mg}, 15 \%$ ).
$N$-[3-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)-7-[[3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)-propyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]- $N^{\prime}$-ethylurea (33). A solution of 3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)- $N^{7}$-[3-(4-methyl-1-piper-azinyl)propyl]-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamine ${ }^{42}$ (32) (112 mg, 0.252 mmol ) in dry DMSO ( 5 mL ) was treated with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}$ ( $13 \mathrm{mg}, 0.325 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Then the mixture was sealed under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and stirred at $40-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 10 min and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 $\min$. A solution of ethyl isocyanate ( $24 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.304 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMSO ( 1 mL , then 1 mL to rinse) was added (dropwise via syringe). Then the mixture was stirred at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day. The resulting mixture was cooled in ice, then treated with ice/ aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$, adjusted to pH 10 with aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$, and extracted with EtOAc ( $5 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0-3 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave foreruns. Then further elution with $3-6 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing and crystallization) $33(94 \mathrm{mg}, 72 \%): \mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $102-106{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{dec}$, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.04$ (br t, J $=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CONHCH}_{2}$ ), 8.68 (s, 1 H, H-5), $7.94(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, H-4), 7.77 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.64\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right)$, 7.52 (dd, $\left.J=8.7,7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.95(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, ~ J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 6.53(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 3.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.6-$ 2.1 (br s, $\left.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.38\left(\mathrm{t}, ~ J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right)$, $2.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 1.74$ (pentet, $\left.J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.19$ ( $\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 159.87$ (s, C-7), 153.90, 152.48 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.51 (d, C-5), 150.17 (s, C-8a), 139.57 (d, C-4), 135.55 ( s, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}^{\prime} 2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 132.76$ (s, C-1'), 131.47 (d, C-4'), 128.80 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 116.36$ (s, C-3), 113.02 (s, C-4a), 94.48 (br d, C-8), $55.64\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$ ), 54.73, 52.71 ( $2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times$ $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 45.68\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 39.95\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 34.15(\mathrm{t}$,

CONHCH2 $), 25.90\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 15.15\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{31^{-}}\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$\boldsymbol{N}$-(tert-Butyl)- $\boldsymbol{N}^{\prime}$-[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-7-[[3-(4-meth-yl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (34). Similar reaction of $32(115 \mathrm{mg}, 0.258 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMSO ( 5 mL ) with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(15 \mathrm{mg}, 0.375 \mathrm{mmol})$ under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $40-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min followed by reaction with a solution of tert-butyl isocyanate $(37 \mu \mathrm{~L}$, $0.324 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMSO ( 1 mL , then $2 \times 1 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 day and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $3-6 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) 34 ( 69 mg , $49 \%): \mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane $) 158-159.5{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2^{-}}\right.$ $\mathrm{SO}] 10.33(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 8.69(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.95(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-4), 7.65\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.53$ (dd, $J=8.6,7.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), 7.44 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 7.03 (br t, $J=5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 6.38(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 3.32\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.6-2.0$ (br s, $\left.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{4} \mathrm{~N}\right), 2.37\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 2.14(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}$ ), 1.72 (pentet, $J=6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.40 (s, 9 H , $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 159.81$ (s, C-7), 152.52, 152.37 (2 s, CONH, C-2), 151.49 (d, C-5), 149.73 (s, C-8a), 139.49 (d, C-4), 135.48 ( s, 2 C, C-2', 6'), 132.58 (s, C-1'), 131.49 (d, C-4'), 128.77 (d, 2 C, C-3', $5^{\prime}$ ), 116.27 (s, C-3), 112.81 (s, C-4a), 94.39 (br d, $\mathrm{C}-8), 55.61\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 54.71,52.64\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \times 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right)$, $49.91\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 45.64\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{NCH}_{3}\right), 39.75\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 28.64$ (q, $\left.3 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 25.90\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}$, N.

3-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)- $N^{7}$-[4-(diethylamino)butyl]-1,6-naphthyridine-2,7-diamine (35). A solution of 96 ( 251 mg , 0.815 mmol ) and $N^{1}, N^{1}$-diethyl-1,4-butanediamine ( $1.19 \mathrm{~g}, 8.26$ mmol ) in 2-ethoxyethanol ( 10 mL ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ was stirred at reflux for 5 days. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, then the residue was treated with aqueous $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with $\mathrm{EtOAc}(5 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The extracts were evaporated to dryness, and the residue was then chromatographed on silica gel. Elution with $0.25 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ gave firstly recovered $96(36 \mathrm{mg}, 14 \%)$. Further elution with $15 \% \mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ containing $0-0.25 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ gave (after base washing and crystallization) $35(125 \mathrm{mg}, 36 \%): \mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $171-172{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 8.43(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5)$, $7.59\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.57(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.46$ (dd, $\left.J=8.7,7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.49\left(\mathrm{brt}, J=5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right)$, $6.22\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 6.19(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8), 3.22(\mathrm{td}, J=6.5,6.0$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.44\left(\mathrm{q}, ~ J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.38(\mathrm{t}$, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), 1.57 (pentet, $J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.47 (pentet, $\left.J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 0.94(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 159.28,157.68(2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-2,7), 153.28$ (s, C-8a), 150.35 (d, C-5), 136.91 (d, C-4), 135.28 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 134.56$ ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 130.60 (d, C-4'), 128.48 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 116.06,112.58$ ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-3,4 \mathrm{a}$ ), 93.67 (d, C-8), $52.03\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right.$ ), 46.16 (t, 2 C , $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 41.44\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 26.78,24.31\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 11.67(\mathrm{q}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{27} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{5}\right) \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N} . \mathrm{C}$ : calcd, 61.1; found, 61.7.
$N$-[3-(2,6-Dichlorophenyl)-7-[[4-(diethylamino)butyl]-amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]- $\boldsymbol{N}^{\prime}$-ethylurea (36). Similar reaction of $35(101 \mathrm{mg}, 0.234 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMSO ( 5 mL ) with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}$ ( $13 \mathrm{mg}, 0.325 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $40-50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min followed by reaction with a solution of ethyl isocyanate ( $23 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.291 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMSO $(1 \mathrm{~mL}$, then 1 mL$)$ at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 16 h and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $1-1.5 \% \mathrm{MeOH} /$ EtOAc containing $1 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) 36 ( $74 \mathrm{mg}, 63 \%$ ): $\mathrm{mp}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /\right.$ hexane) $102-$ $109{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.04$ (br t, $J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CONHCH}_{2}$ ), 8.68 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.94 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.76 (br s, 1 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 7.64\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.52(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8$, $\left.7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.96$ (br $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), 6.53 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8$ ), $3.30\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.45(\mathrm{q}, ~ J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.39\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.60$ (pentet, $J=$ $6.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.49 (pentet, $J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.19 (t, $\left.J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.94\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 159.81$ (s, C-7), $153.78,152.33(2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2), 151.45$ (d, C-5), 150.10 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-8 \mathrm{a}$ ), 139.53 (d, C-4), 135.51 ( $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right)$, 132.74 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-1^{\prime}$ ), 131.41 (d, C-4'), 128.74 (d, $\left.2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{C}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 116.21$
( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-3$ ), 112.92 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}-4 \mathrm{a}), 94.32$ (br d, C-8), 51.95 ( $\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $46.16\left(\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 41.29\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 34.02\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{CONHCH}_{2}\right)$, 26.63, $24.16\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 15.07\left(\mathrm{q}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 11.57\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$\boldsymbol{N}$-(tert-Butyl)- $\boldsymbol{N}^{\prime}$-[3-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-7-[[4-(diethy-lamino)butyl]amino]-1,6-naphthyridin-2-yl]urea (37). Similar reaction of $\mathbf{3 5}(101 \mathrm{mg}, 0.234 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMSO ( 5 mL ) with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}$ ( $14 \mathrm{mg}, 0.35 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) under $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ at $40-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min and then at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min followed by reaction with a solution of tert-butyl isocyanate ( $32 \mu \mathrm{~L}, 0.281 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMSO ( 1 mL , then 1 mL ) at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 17 h and chromatography of the resulting product on silica gel (eluting with $3-4 \%$ $\mathrm{MeOH} / \mathrm{EtOAc}$ containing $0.5 \% \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ ) gave (after base washing and crystallization) $\mathbf{3 7}$ ( $73 \mathrm{mg}, 59 \%$ ): mp $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ /hexane) $114-116{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 10.34$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.69 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), $7.94(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.65(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{H}-3^{\prime}, 5^{\prime}\right), 7.53$ (dd, $\left.J=8.6,7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 7.43$ (br s, 1 H , NH ), 7.03 (br t, J $\left.=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 6.38(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-8)$, $3.30\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.44\left(\mathrm{q}, ~ J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.38$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.58$ (pentet, $J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 1.47 (pentet, $\left.J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.40\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, $0.94\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\delta 159.84(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}-7)$, 152.50, 152.37 ( $2 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CONH}, \mathrm{C}-2$ ), 151.48 (d, C-5), 149.74 (s, C-8a), 139.49 (d, C-4), 135.49 (s, 2 C, C-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 132.59 (s, C-1'), 131.49 (d, C-4'), 128.77 (d, 2 C, C-3', 5'), 116.20 (s, C-3), 112.77 (s, C-4a), $94.32(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{C}-8), 51.97\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 49.90\left(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$, 46.17 ( $\left.\mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 41.18\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 28.62(\mathrm{q}, 3 \mathrm{C}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 26.72,24.23\left(2 \mathrm{t}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 11.65\left(\mathrm{q}, 2 \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}$, N.
$\boldsymbol{N}$-(tert-Butyl)- $\boldsymbol{N}^{\prime}$-[2-[[4-(diethylamino)butyl]amino]-6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-7-yl]urea (12). A $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(7.17 \mathrm{~g}, 179 \mathrm{mmol})$ sample was washed with hexane and then suspended in dry THF ( 250 mL ). To this suspension was added (3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)acetonitrile $(28.9 \mathrm{~g}, 163 \mathrm{mmol})$, and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 h . 4-Amino-2-(methylsulfanyl)-5-pyrimidinecarbaldehyde ${ }^{61,62}$ (106) ( $25 \mathrm{~g}, 148 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was then added as fast as foaming of the reaction would allow. After being stirred overnight at room temperature, the reaction mixture was concentrated and the residue was partitioned between $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ and saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$. The $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ layer was washed twice with saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, and concentrated to give crude 6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-(methylsulfanyl)pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-7-amine (107) (50.0 g, $98 \%): \operatorname{mp} 175-178{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 8.88(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{H}-4), 7.90(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 7.67$ (br s, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ), $6.63(\mathrm{~d}, \mathrm{~J}=2.2$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.57$ (t, $\left.J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 3.80(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 2.55\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, traces of starting nitrile also observed in ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR; APCIMS $m / z$ (relative intensity) $329\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}\right.$ $+1,100)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{2} \mathrm{~S} \cdot 0.1 \mathrm{C}_{10} \mathrm{H}_{11} \mathrm{NO}_{2}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

A solution of $107(20.0 \mathrm{~g}, 60.9 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{CHCl}_{3}(480 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with 2-(phenylsulfonyl)-3-phenyloxaziridine (15.9 $\mathrm{g}, 60.9 \mathrm{mmol}$, and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 24 h . Silica gel was then added, the suspension was evaporated to dryness, and the residue was chromatographed on silica gel, eluting with $\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}(9: 1: 0.5)$. Product was crystallized from several fractions and was filtered off and washed with eluting solvent followed by $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ to give 6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-(methylsulfinyl)pyrido[2,3- $d$ ]pyrimidin-7amine (108) (9.38 g, 45\%): mp 204.5-205.5 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 9.20(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.90(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 6.53-6.64(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.14$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 5.79 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 3.86 $\left(\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.05\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; APCIMS m/z (relative intensity) $345.1\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,100\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{16} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{4} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$, S.

The remaining fractions from the chromatography were concentrated and rechromatographed on silica gel as above to give additional 108 ( $8.92 \mathrm{~g}, 43 \%$ ).
$N^{1}, N^{1}$-Diethyl-1,4-butanediamine ( $1.15 \mathrm{~g}, 7.99 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to a suspension of $\mathbf{1 0 8}(2.50 \mathrm{~g}, 7.26 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry dioxane $(20.0 \mathrm{~mL})$. The suspension was warmed at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight, the solvent was evaporated, and the residue was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ and washed with saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}(3 \times)$ and saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NaCl}(2 \times)$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, and evaporated.

The crude residue was chromatographed on silica gel, eluting with $\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}(9: 2: 1)$ to give $N^{2}$-[4-(diethylamino)-butyl]-6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidine-2,7-diamine (109) (2.26 g, 72\%): mp 59.5-62.0 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $\delta 8.61(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.56(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 6.58(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.50\left(\mathrm{t}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 5.64$ (br s, 1 H , $\mathrm{NH}), 5.35\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}\right), 3.83\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.64-3.55$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.63-2.46\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 3 \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.75-1.56(\mathrm{~m}$, $4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $1.04\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; APCIMS $\mathrm{m} / z$ (relative intensity) $425.6\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,100\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{2}\right.$. $\left.0.4 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

A solution of $109(0.500 \mathrm{~g}, 1.18 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry DMF $(4 \mathrm{~mL})$ was treated with $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(0.054 \mathrm{~g}, 1.34 \mathrm{mmol})$. After the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 1.5 h , tert-butyl isocyanate ( $0.150 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.34 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added and the reaction mixture was allowed to stir at room temperature overnight. The reaction mixture was concentrated, and the residue was dissolved in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, extracted with saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4}$ $\mathrm{Cl}(3 \mathrm{x})$ and saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NaCl}(1 \mathrm{x})$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$ and evaporated. The residue was chromatographed on silica gel, eluting with $\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}(9: 2: 1)$, to give $12(0.513 \mathrm{~g}$, $80 \%$ ): mp 82-86 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 10.34$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.70 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.66 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.12 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 6.51$ ( $\mathrm{t}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), $6.47\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right)$, 6.00 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.62-3.52(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.57\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.50(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}$ ), $1.88-1.56\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.49(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.06\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; APCIMS m/z (relative intensity) $524.5\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,32\right), 425.6\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1-\mathrm{CONC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right.$, 100). Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{41} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{3} \cdot 0.25 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-[2-[[4-(Diethylamino)butyl]amino]-6-(3,5-dimethox-yphenyl)pyrido[2,3- $d$ ]pyrimidin-7-yl]- $N^{\prime}$-ethylurea (104). Similar reaction of 109 ( $0.500 \mathrm{~g}, 1.18 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(0.054$ $\mathrm{g}, 1.34 \mathrm{mmol})$, and ethyl isocyanate ( $0.110 \mathrm{~mL}, 1.34 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) gave $104(0.378 \mathrm{~g}, 63 \%): \operatorname{mp~} 48-53{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} / \mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$ $\delta 8.73$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.68(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5), 6.53(\mathrm{t}, ~ J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.48\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 3.83(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.59\left(\mathrm{t}, J=6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 3.46(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.58\left(\mathrm{q}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2}\right), 2.51$ $\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NCH}_{2}\right), 1.82-1.57\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.30(\mathrm{t}$, $\left.J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.06\left(\mathrm{t}, ~ J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; APCIMS $m / z$ (relative intensity) $496.5\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,40\right), 451.5\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1-\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, 10\right), 425.6\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1-\mathrm{CONCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, 100\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{37} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{3} \cdot 0.6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-[6-(3,5-Dimethoxyphenyl)-2-[[3-(4-methyl-1-piper-azinyl)propyl]amino]pyrido[2,3- $d$ ] pyrimidin-7-yl]- $N^{\prime}$-ethylurea (102). Reaction of $108(0.500 \mathrm{~g}, 1.45 \mathrm{mmol})$ and $3-(4-$ methyl-1-piperazinyl)propylamine ( $0.250 \mathrm{~g}, 1.60 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry dioxane ( 4.00 mL ) as above followed by chromatography on silica gel, eluting with $\mathrm{EtOAc} / \mathrm{EtOH} / \mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$ (9:2:1 then 9:2:2), gave 6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)- $\mathrm{N}^{2}$-[3-(4-methyl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]pyrido $[2,3-d]$ pyrimidine-2,7-diamine (110) ( 0.517 g , 80\%): mp 77-80.5 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.61$ (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.56 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 6.58 (d, $J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 6.50 (t, $J$ $\left.=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 6.07$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 5.33 (br s, 2 H , $\mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ), 3.83 ( $\mathrm{s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), $3.71-3.60\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 2.79-$ $2.22\left(\mathrm{~m}, 13 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{NCH}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.85$ (pentet, $J=6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ); APCIMS $m / z$ (relative intensity) $438.1\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,100\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{31} \mathrm{~N}_{7} \mathrm{O}_{2} \cdot 0.25 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

Reaction of $110(0.200 \mathrm{~g}, 0.457 \mathrm{mmol}), 60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(0.020 \mathrm{~g}$, 0.503 mmol ), and ethyl isocyanate ( $0.040 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.503 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) as above gave 102 ( $0.134 \mathrm{~g}, 56 \%)$ : $\mathrm{mp} 68-73^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3} /\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{D}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \delta 8.72(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4), 7.67(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5)$, 6.58-6.41(m, 3 $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 4^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.73-3.59(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $3.53-3.38\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right.$ ), 2.96-2.22 (m, 13 $\mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{NCH}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ), $1.95-1.77\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.30(\mathrm{t}, J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); APCIMS m/z (relative intensity) $509.0\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right.$, $23), 463.9\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1-\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, 13\right), 437.9\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1-\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{CONCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}, 100\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{26} \mathrm{H}_{36} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{3} \cdot 0.6 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-[[3-(4-meth-yl-1-piperazinyl)propyl]amino]pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-7-yl]urea (103). Similar reaction of $110(0.223 \mathrm{~g}, 0.509 \mathrm{mmol})$, $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(0.022 \mathrm{~g}, 0.560 \mathrm{mmol})$, and tert-butyl isocyanate ( $0.064 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.560 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) gave 103 ( $0.173 \mathrm{~g}, 63 \%$ ): mp 127-
$132{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 10.31$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), $8.70(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1$ H, H-4), 7.65 (s, 1 H, H-5), 7.12 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.51 (t, $J=2.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), 6.47 (d, $\left.J=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 6.41$ (br s, 1 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 3.82\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.42-3.31\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right)$, 2.93-2.13 (m, $\left.13 \mathrm{H}, 5 \mathrm{NCH}_{2}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.93-1.78\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, 1.49 (s, $\left.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; APCIMS m/z (relative intensity) 537.0 $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,15\right), 463.9\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1-\mathrm{NH}_{2} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}, 9\right), 437.9\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1\right.$ $\left.-\mathrm{CONC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}, 100\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{40} \mathrm{~N}_{8} \mathrm{O}_{3} \cdot 0.25 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
$N$-(tert-Butyl)- $\mathbf{N}^{\prime}$-[6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2-[(3-hydrox-ypropyl)amino]pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-7-yl]urea (105). A mixture of $\mathbf{1 0 8}(2.00 \mathrm{~g}, 5.81 \mathrm{mmol})$ and 3 -amino-1-propanol $(1.30 \mathrm{~g}, 17.42 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dioxane $(25 \mathrm{~mL})$ was heated at reflux for 18 h . The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was partitioned between hexane and saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$. The insoluble crude product was collected by filtration and dried under high vacuum at $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ overnight to give crude 3-[[7-amino-6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-2-yl]amino]-1-propanol (111) ( $2.0 \mathrm{~g}, 92 \%$ ), which was used directly: ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left[\left(\mathrm{CD}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SO}\right] \delta 8.58$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.61 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.24 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.52 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), $6.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}\right), 4.60(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 3.73$ (s, $6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}$ ), 3.68-3.44 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}$ ), 3.43-3.40 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}$ ), $1.68-1.62\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$; APCIMS $m / z$ (relative intensity) 356 $\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,100\right)$.

To a solution of crude $111(1.79 \mathrm{~g}, 5.04 \mathrm{mmol})$ in DMF ( 4 mL ) was added imidazole ( $0.86 \mathrm{~g}, 12.6 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) followed by tertbutyl(chloro)dimethylsilane ( $0.91 \mathrm{~g}, 6.04 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature overnight, and the solvent was removed under high vacuum. The residue was dissolved in EtOAc and washed with brine, followed by water, and then dried over $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$. The suspension was filtered, and the solvent was evaporated under reduced pressure. The crude product was purified by radial chromatography, eluting with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2} /$ MeOH (97:3), to give $N^{2}$-[3-[[tert-butyl(dimethyl)silyl]oxy]-propyl]-6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)pyrido[2,3-d] pyrimidine-2,7diamine (112) ( $1.72 \mathrm{~g}, 73 \%$ ): mp $168-170{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{NMR}\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $\delta 8.54$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.49 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 6.51-6.50 (m, 2 H , H-2', $6^{\prime}$ ), 6.43-6.42 (m, 1 H, H-4'), 5.63 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 5.30 (br s, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}_{2}$ ), $3.76\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.71(\mathrm{t}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.66-3.58\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 1.85-1.80\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $0.84\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CSi}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CSi}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$; APCIMS $m / z$ (relative intensity) $470\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,100\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{35} \mathrm{~N}_{5} \mathrm{O}_{3} \mathrm{Si}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

To a solution of $\mathbf{1 1 2}(1.72 \mathrm{~g}, 3.66 \mathrm{mmol})$ in DMF ( 20 mL ) was added $60 \% \mathrm{NaH}(0.16 \mathrm{~g}, 4.03 \mathrm{mmol})$ in portions. The mixture was stirred at ambient temperature for 30 min , and then tert-butyl isocyanate $(0.40 \mathrm{~g}, 4.03 \mathrm{mmol})$ was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for 18 h at room temperature, then the solvent was removed under high vacuum and the residue was diluted with water. The insoluble crude product was collected by filtration, dried on the filter, and purified by radial chromatography, eluting with a gradient of $20-50 \%$ EtOAc/hexane, to give $N$-(tert-butyl)- $N^{\prime}$-[2-[[3-[Itert-butyl(dim-ethyl)silylloxy]propyl]aminol-6-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)pyrido-[2,3-d]pyrimidin-7-yl]urea (113) (1.44 g, 69\%): mp (broad) $120-157{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.60$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.57 ( s , $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.07 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.43-6.40 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), 6.406.38 (m, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}\right), 5.90(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}), 3.73\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right)$, $3.72\left(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2}\right), 3.61-3.56\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right)$, 1.83 (br m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $1.41\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CONHC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.84(\mathrm{~s}, 9$ $\left.\mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CSi}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right), 0.00\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CSi}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{29} \mathrm{H}_{44} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.

To a mixture of $113(1.40 \mathrm{~g}, 2.46 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $50 \% \mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN} /$ THF ( 50 mL ) was added fluorosilicic acid ( $20-25 \%$ solution in water, 4 mL ), and the reaction mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. The solvent was removed under reduced pressure, and the residue was triturated with a half-saturated aqueous solution of $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$. The insoluble product was collected by filtration, washed with water, and dried in air to give $105(0.9 \mathrm{~g}, 80 \%)$ : mp $157-159{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ 9.92 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 8.67 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4$ ), 7.63 ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-5$ ), 7.12 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 6.48-6.46 (m, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-4^{\prime}$ ), 6.43-6.41 (m, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}-2^{\prime}, 6^{\prime}$ ), 5.70 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{NH}$ ), 5.05 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}$ ), 3.78 (s, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \mathrm{OCH}_{3}\right), 3.73-3.69\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{OH}\right), 3.60-3.56(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$,
$\left.\mathrm{NHCH}_{2}\right), 1.79-1.76\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.46\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; APCIMS $m / z$ (relative intensity) $455\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+1,100\right), 356\left(\mathrm{M}^{+}+\right.$ $\left.1-\operatorname{CONC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}, 100\right)$. Anal. $\left(\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{30} \mathrm{~N}_{6} \mathrm{O}_{4} \cdot 0.36 \mathrm{EtOAc}\right) \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{N}$.
DELFIA Assay. Clear, solid polystyrene 96 -well DELFIA plates (DELFIA is a time-resolved dissociation-enhanced lanthanide fluoroimmunoassay) (EG\&G Wallac, Gaithersburg MD) were coated with $100 \mu \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{well}$ of $0.1 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ of poly(GluTyr) (4:1) (Sigma, St. Louis, MO) in BupH carbonate/bicarbonate buffer ( 0.2 M sodium carbonate/bicarbonate buffer, pH 9.4 , Pierce, Rockford, IL) overnight at room temperature. Excess substrate was removed by washing the plate $3 \times$ with $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of $1 \times$ DELFIA wash reagent (EG\&G Wallac, Gaithersburg MD) and stored wrapped at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Plates are spotted with 1 $\mu \mathrm{L}$ of inhibitor (typically $10-30 \mu \mathrm{M}$ final) or DMSO carrier control and restored as above.

Preparation of VEGFR-2 TK. The VEGFR-2 TK construct was prepared and purified at Agouron, La Jolla, CA. VEGFR-2 [also known in the literature as KDR (human) and Flk-1 (mouse)] is a member of the PDGF receptor family, a group of membrane-bound receptors that characteristically contain a kinase insert domain (KID) in the intracellular catalytic domain. The KID is a structural feature not necessary for intrinsic kinase activity but, after ligand-stimulated autophosphorylation, one that binds signaling proteins. The VEGFR-2 TK protein was designed using homology to the PDGF RTK and comprises the intracellular domain of the receptor. ${ }^{65}$ It was further truncated by the deletion of 50 amino acids of the 68 -residue KID to yield a protein of approximately 36 kDa . Removal of this internal fragment does not significantly affect kinase activity of the final construct. Protein is expressed from a baculovirus vector. Cell pellets were lysed, and the soluble portion was purified to homogeneity by successive chromatography on (a) Q-30 anion-exchange column (Pharmacia, Piscataway, NJ), (b) hydroxyapatite column (Bio-Rad, Hercules, CA), (c) Q-15 anion-exchange column (Pharmacia), (d) HP-phenyl sepharose column (Pharmacia), and (e) G-25 column (Pharmacia). ${ }^{70}$ Final material was aliquoted and flashfrozen in liquid $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and stored at $-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Just before use, the protein was thawed on ice and autophosphorylated as described in the assay protocol.
Human FGFR1 Kinase Domain. A baculovirus was prepared that expressed the human FGFR1 cytoplasmic, kinase domain, amino acids 456-822, with an N-terminal Flag-tag. ${ }^{71}$ This virus was used to infect either SF9 or Hi5 insect cells, and the infected cells were harvested 48-60 h after infection. After being harvested, the cells were washed with phosphate buffered saline and frozen at $-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ until purification. The cells from a 1 L infected culture were thawed and resuspended in $20-30 \mathrm{~mL}$ of buffer A ( 25 mM Tris-Cl, pH 7.5 , 5 mM EDTA, $0.1 \%$ (v/v) NP-40) and a protease inhibitor cocktail [Boehringer-Mannheim 1836170] at $4{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The resuspended cells were lysed on ice with $2 \times 1 \mathrm{~min}$ pulses from a Branson model 250 sonicator at $70 \%$ duty, output 7. Debris was pelleted from the lysed cells by centrifugation at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in a Beckman SS-34 rotor at 11000 rpm for 10 min . NaCl was added to the soluble protein to a final concentration of 0.15 M, $3-5 \mathrm{~mL}$ of M2 anti-Flag antibody resin (Sigma A1205) was added, and the suspension was mixed by inversion at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for $2-4 \mathrm{~h}$. The mixture was centrifuged for $1-3 \mathrm{~min}$ at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at 1000 g , and the supernatant was removed. The resin was washed once with 10 mL of buffer $\mathrm{A}+0.15 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{NaCl}$ and five times with $10-20 \mathrm{~mL}$ of ice cold buffer B ( 50 mM Tris-Cl, pH $7.5,150 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}$ ). Each time, the resin was resuspended in the buffer by inversion of the tube and then centrifuged for $1-3 \mathrm{~min}$ at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at 1000 g and the supernatant was removed. After the final wash, the resin was resuspended in ice cold buffer B and put into a ( $1 \mathrm{~cm} \times 10 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) Econo column (BioRad). The resin was further washed with buffer B until no protein could be detected in the eluate using the BioRad protein detection agent ( $20 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of detection reagent $+\sim 100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of eluate). The Flag-tagged FGFR1 fusion protein was eluted from the column with $4 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL}$ of ice cold buffer B containing $100 \mu \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$ of Flag peptide (Sigma F3290). The eluate was buffer-exchanged into 25 mM Hepes (or Tris-Cl), $\mathrm{pH} 7.5,50$
$\mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, 10 \%$ (v/v) glycerol using a PD-10 column (Amer-sham-Pharmacia) and concentrated using a Centriprep 30 concentration unit (Amicon). Final protein concentration was determined using the Pierce BCA protein assay (usually 0.3$1.0 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ ), and the protein was stored at $-70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ until needed.

Kinase Autophosphorylation. Kept to a final $20 \times$ concentration, kinase was incubated in 4 mM ATP and 25 mM $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$ agitated at $4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 45 min .

Reaction with Inhibitors. Kinase solution ( 40 nM ) was prepared by diluting stock protein preparation (typically 1-0.3 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL}$ ) in a final concentration of $20 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{MgCl} 2,20 \mathrm{mM}$ Tris, $50 \mathrm{mM} \mathrm{NaCl}, 5 \mathrm{mM}$ DTT, $10 \%$ (v/v) glycerol, 2 Complete Mini EDTA-free protease inhibitor cocktail tablets (Boehringer Mannheim, Indianapolis IN). ATP was likewise diluted to 66.6 $\mu \mathrm{M}$. An amount of $50 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of each was added per well, and the plate was allowed to incubate, with agitation, for 30 min at room temperature. Plates were washed four times with 300 $\mu \mathrm{L} 1 \times$ DELFIA wash reagent. To block nonspecific signaling, an amount of $150 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of blocking buffer ( $0.5 \%$ ( $\mathrm{w} / \mathrm{v}$ ) BSA in DELFIA assay buffer, Sigma and EG\&G, respectively) was added per well and allowed to incubate, with agitation for 30 min . Washing was repeated. An amount of $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of europiumconjugated antiphosphotyrosine antibody was added to each well at a dilution of 1:14386 ( 7 ng per well, equivalent to 0.07 $\mu \mathrm{g} / \mathrm{mL}$ ) and allowed to gently rock for 1 h . Because residual water interferes with signaling, plates were dried inverted for 30 min on paper toweling. An amount of $100 \mu \mathrm{~L}$ of Enhancement Solution (EG\&G Wallac, Gaithersburg MD) was added and allowed to stand for 5 min . Plates were read in a VICTOR 1420 time-resolved fluorometer (EG\&G Wallac, Inc).
$\mathbf{I C}_{50}$ Calculation Method. The value for percent of control (\% C) for each inhibitor concentration was determined using the following relationship: $\% C=[(f l u o r e s c e n c e ~ o f ~ s a m p l e) / ~$ (value for fluorescence of uninhibited reaction)] $\times 100$, where the value for the uninhibited reaction is equal to the average of eight reactions in column 12, which contains vehicle in place of inhibitor concentration. Compounds are tested using halflog dilutions from 10 through $0.0001 \mu \mathrm{M}$. $\mathrm{IC}_{50}$ values are calculated by least squares regression using the Hill equation where the limits are set from $0 \% C$ to $100 \% C$ and the slope and inflection point are varied for the best fit of all the points in the dose response curve to the kinetic model.

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Supporting Information Available: Tables of elemental analysis results, solubility data for selected compounds (14, 16, 18-20, 22, 23, 25, 26) as their HCl salts, and full experimental details (including ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR data) for the synthesis of 3-(benzyloxy)-1-propanol, 4-(benzyloxy)-1-butanol, 5 -(benzyloxy)-1-pentanol, benzyl 3-iodopropyl ether, benzyl 4-iodobutyl ether, benzyl 5-iodopentyl ether, 3-iodopropyl benzoate, and compounds 61, 64, 73, and 97-101. This material is available free of charge via the Internet at http:// pubs.acs.org.

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[^1]:    ${ }^{a} \mathrm{IC}_{50}$ : concentration of drug $(\mu \mathrm{M})$ that inhibits the phosphorylation of a random glutamate/tyrosine (4:1) copolymer by FGFR, VEGFR, PDGFR, or c-Src proteins. For active compounds, values are an average of two or more separate determinations; variation was generally $\pm 30 \%$. ${ }^{b}$ DELFIA assay; see Experimental Section.

